. .

Abstract

Descriptive Study of the Clinical Characteristics of Trauma Patients in the West Southern Kyungsangnam-do Area

Chang Woo Kang, M.D., In Sung Park, M.D., Dong Hoon Kim, M.D.

Department of Emergency Medicine, Gyeongsang National University

Purpose: This study was conducted to gather descriptive data on trauma victims and to observe the general demographic characteristics and clinical profile of trauma victims who were admitted to a regional emergency medical center in the west southern Kyungsangnam-do area.

Objects & Method: The study population consisted of 1,909 trauma patients who visited the emergency department of Gyeongsang National University Hospital between January 2003 and December 2004. The medical records were reviewed in a retrospective manner. Demographic data, the mechanism of injury, and clinical information were collected by three professional medical affairs recorders and an emergency physician and a Revised Trauma Score (RTS) and an Injury Severity Score (ISS) were calculated for each patient. Collected data were analyzed with SPSS software version 12.0.

Results: Male patients outmembered female patients (M:F=2.54:1), and the mean age of the population was 40.5 ± 21.4 years. The mean RTS and ISS were 7.45 ± 1.11 and 8.40 ± 7.44 , respectively. The seventies showed the highest ISS(10.94 ± 8.66). The most common mechanism of injury was motor-vehicle accidents (45.57%), followed by falls or slips(28.26%), and other blunt injuries(12.68%). The most frequent causes of death was cerebral herniation due to head injury(68.4%) and irreversible shock(26.3%).

Conclusion: The present study clarified the demographic and clinical characteristics of trauma patients in the Kyungsangnam-do area. In the future, prospective clinical data collection is needed for a more sophisticated trauma study.

Key Words: Trauma, Injury severity score, Revised trauma score, Descriptive study

 $Tel: 82\text{-}55\text{-}750\text{-}8281, \quad Fax: 82\text{-}55\text{-}757\text{-}0514, \quad E\text{-}mail: kloud14@hanmail.net}$

: 2005 11 2 , : 2005 11 15 , : 2005 11 21 , : 2005 12 7

^{*} Address for Correspondence : **Dong Hoon Kim, M.D.**Department of Emergency Medicine, Gyeongsang National University Chiram-dong, Jinju-si, Gyeongsangnam-do 660-702 Korea

— : — —

. , 가

. SPSS 12.0 ,

. SPSS 12.0 , "3-peak theory" Oneway-ANOVA, Kruskal-Wallis

, Tuckey, Dunnett ,
, (third peak) Chi square ,
(1,2). 95% .

,

가 가 가 1,369 (71.7%), 가 540

, 가 50% (28.3%) 2.54:1 , 40.5±21.4 40 (17.4%), 20 (15.2%), 30

(13.2%), 50 (13.2%) (Table 1). . RTS 7.45±1.11, ISS 8.40±7.44

7.26±1.37 10.94±8.66 가 2003 1 2004 12 , RTS

8,424 . (p=0.279), ISS , (p 0.001), 70 50 , 60

가, (Table 2).

1,909 . 0~10 , , (42.6%), (28.2%) , 10 , . (44.7%), (25.3%) , 20

. (46.0%), (18.2%) , 30 RTS (Revised Trauma (38.5%), (19.4%) ,

core) ISS (Injury Severity Score) . 40 (41.7%), (16.8%)

RTS , , 50 (47.2%), ISS (23.0%) , 60 (59.1%),

Table 1. Age and Sex distribution

Age	Male	Female	Total (%)
0~10	143	66	209 (11.0)
11~20	124	46	170 (8.9)
21~30	228	63	291 (15.2)
31~40	199	53	252 (13.2)
41~50	250	83	333 (17.4)
51~60	185	67	252 (13.2)
61~70	165	77	242 (12.7)
> 70	75	85	160 (8.4)
Total (%)	1369 (71.7)	540 (28.3)	1909 (100)

(21.6%),	(12	.7%),	(6.1%)	0.00	1)(Table 5).			
가	,	ISS	(10.53			570	(29.9%), 507	
±8.10),		$(9.21 \pm 6.87),$	(5.21	(26.6%	6), 458	(24.0%),	437 (22.9%),	
±5.07)			ISS	262	(13.8%),	182 (9.	6%) ,	
		(Table 4).		ISS	(14	4.56±9.81),	(14.52±7.97),	
2				(10.	63±9.31),	(10.13±9	.03) .	
555 (29.1%)		,					69.8% 가	
(43.0%),		(22.1%),	(19.0%)	,	(54.4%),	(51.4%),	(51.0%)	
가	,		(p	,		가		

Table 2. Injury Severity Score and Revised Trauma Score according to age

Age	ISS	RTS
0~10	$7.14 \pm 6.24^{\dagger}$	7.43 ± 1.05
11~20	$7.41 \pm 7.60^{\dagger}$	7.55 ± 0.80
21~30	$7.83 \pm 7.12^{\dagger}$	7.42 ± 1016
31~40	$7.21 \pm 6.23^{\dagger}$	7.31 ± 1.30
41~50	$8.35 \pm 8.20^{\dagger}$	7.47 ± 1.16
51~60	9.39 ± 8.03	7.49 ± 1.08
61~70	9.71 ± 7.53	7.51 ± 1.01
> 70	10.57 ± 7.44 *	7.46 ± 1.13
Total	8.40 ± 7.44	7.45 ± 1.11

^{*} p 0.05 vs. †

Table 3. Injury mechanism according to age

	0~10	11~20	21~30	31~40	41~50	51~60	61~70	>70	Total
MVA*	89 (10.23)	76 (8.74)	134 (15.40)	97 (11.15)	139 (15.98)	119 (13.68)	143 (16.44)	73 (8.39)	870 (45.57)
Fall/slip	59 (14.32)	30 (7.28)	40 (9.71)	49 (11.89)	56 (13.59)	58 (14.08)	57 (13.83)	63 (15.29)	412 (21.58)
Machinery	4 (3.45)	4 (3.45)	14 (12.07)	14 (12.07)	33 (28.45)	29 (25.00)	16 (13.79)	2 (1.72)	116 (6.08)
Other blunt	25 (10.33)	43 (17.77)	53 (21.90)	39 (16.12)	45 (18.60)	20 (8.26)	10 (4.13)	7 (2.89)	242 (12.68)
Penetrating	2 (1.77)	10 (8.85)	28 (24.78)	37 (32.74)	29 (25.66)	3 (2.65)	3 (2.65)	1 (0.88)	113 (5.92)
Others	28 (20.74)	6 (4.44)	19 (14.07)	14 (10.37)	25 (18.52)	18 (13.33)	12 (8.89)	13 (9.63)	135 (7.07)
unknown	2 (9.52)	1 (4.76)	3 (14.29)	2 (9.52)	6 (28.57)	5 (23.81)	1 (4.76)	1 (4.76)	21 (1.10)
Total	209 (10.95)	170 (8.91)	291 (15.24)	252 (13.20)	333 (17.44)	252 (13.20)	242 (12.68)	160 (8.38)	1909 (100)

^{*} Motor vehicle accident

Table 4. Revised Trauma Score and Injury Severity Score according to the mechanism

Mechanism	RTS	ISS
MVA*	7.35 ± 1.22	10.53 ± 8.10
Fall/slip	7.52 ± 1.02	9.21 ± 6.87
Machinery	7.76 ± 0.52	3.05 ± 2.79
Other blunt	7.59 ± 0.95	5.22 ± 5.07
Penetrating	7.25 ± 1.38	4.50 ± 4.52
Others	7.61 ± 0.88	5.24 ± 5.79
Unknown	7.04 ± 1.24	11.67 ± 10.23
Total	7.45 ± 1.11	8.40 ± 7.44

^{*} Motor vehicle accident

- : -

Table 5. Frequency of associated injury according to injury mechanism

Mechanism	No. case
MVA*	374 (67.39)
Fall/slip	91 (16.40)
Machinery	8 (1.44)
Other blunt	46 (8.29)
Penetrating	11 (1.98)
Others	19 (3.42)
Unknown	6 (1.08)
Total	555 (100)

^{*} Motor vehicle accident

(Table 8).

 (33.10 ± 47.82) ,

$$(21.60\pm 29.84),$$
 (21.04 ± 22.94)

38 (2.0%)

27 , 11 , 50.97± 20.35 , RTS ISS 7.37±15.60, 23.47±11.05 . (N=25), (N=8) 7t .

> 가 26 , 가 10 , 1 , 가 1

(Table 10).

•

1990

4~5

Table 6. Characteristics of the cases of specific site injured

Site injured	No. case (%)	ISS	No. case with associated injury (%)	Death (%)
Head	570 (29.86)	14.52 ± 7.97	293 (51.40)	26 (4.56)
Face	507 (26.56)	6.96 ± 7.15	225 (44.38)	8 (1.58)
Neck	22 (1.15)	6.68 ± 5.31	10 (45.45)	0 (0)
Thorax	262 (13.72)	14.56 ± 9.81	183 (69.85)	11 (4.20)
Abdomen	182 (9.53)	10.63 ± 9.31	99 (54.40)	6 (3.30)
Spine	210 (11.00)	10.13 ± 9.03	107 (50.95)	4 (1.90)
Upperext*	458 (23.99)	7.51 ± 7.93	183 (39.96)	5 (1.09)
Lowerext [†]	437 (22.89)	10.52 ± 8.15	227 (51.95)	13 (2.97)

^{*} Upper extremity, † lower extremity.

Table 7. Frequency of associated injury in cases of specific site injured. Site injured

C:4- :: 1	No. case of associated injury (%)								
Site injured	Head	Face	Neck	Thorax	Abdomen	Spine	Upperext	Lowerext	
Head		152 (26.67)	4 (0.70)	62 (10.87)	21 (36.84)	39 (68.42)	74 (12.98)	81 (14.21)	
Face	152 (29.98)		4 (0.79)	37 (7.30)	12 (2.37)	18 (3.55)	46 (9.07)	51 (10.06)	
Neck	4 (18.18)	4 (18.18)		1 (4.54)	1 (4.54)	1 (4.54)	1 (4.54)	3 (13.64)	
Thorax	62 (23.66)	37 (14.12)	2 (0.38)		47 (17.94)	40 (15.27)	56 (21.37)	65 (24.81)	
Abdomen	21 (11.54)	12 (6.59)	1 (0.55)	47 (25.82)		14 (7.69)	21 (11.54)	46 (25.27)	
Spine	39 (18.57)	18 (8.57)	1 (0.48)	40 (19.05)	14 (6.67)		30 (14.29)	40 (19.05)	
Upperext*	74 (16.16)	46 (10.04)	1 (0.21)	56 (12.23)	21 (45.85)	30 (65.50)		80 (17.47)	
Lowerext [†]	81 (18.54)	51 (11.67)	3 (0.69)	65 (14.87)	46 (10.53)	40 (9.15)	80 (18.31)		

^{*} Upper extremity, † lower extremity

Table 8. Specific site injured according to injury mechanism

Mechanism	Head	Face	Neck	Thorax	Abdomen	Spine	Upperext	Lowerext
MVA*	344 (39.95)	207 (24.50)	8 (0.95)	174 (20.47)	117 (13.88)	130 (15.46)	147 (17.44)	270 (31.80)
Fall/slip	147 (35.94)	85 (21.04)	2 (0.50)	38 (9.36)	20 (4.96)	60 (16.81)	84 (20.7)	115 (28.26)
Machinery	2 (1.72)	32 (27.59)	0(0)	1 (0.86)	1 (0.86)	0 (0)	78 (67.24)	10 (8.62)
Other blunt	60 (24.90)	158 (65.56)	4 (1.66)	17 (7.02)	13 (5.39)	11 (4.56)	24 (9.96)	6 (2.48)
Penetrating	2 (1.83)	9 (8.26)	7 (6.36)	15 (13.64)	20 (18.02)	0 (0)	61 (55.96)	8 (7.34)
Others	7 (5.19)	13 (9.63)	1 (0.74)	10 (7.41)	8 (5.93)	5 (3.70)	62 (45.93)	25 (18.52)
Total	570	507	22	262	182	210	458	437

^{*} Motor vehicle accident

Table 9. Hospital length of stay

Mechanism	Hospital stay
MVA*	33.10 ± 47.82
Fall/slip	21.60 ± 29.84
Machinery	21.04 ± 22.94
Other blunt	14.25 ± 16.03
Penetrating	11.97 ± 11.09
Others	25.44 ± 32.48
Unknown	15.95 ± 19.09
Total	25.51 ± 37.97

^{*} Motor vehicle accident

가

1990 2004 3 가 5 . 7 가 (3). 10 , 6

1994 ~ 1998		1999-2003			
1		2	가		
				119	
	가				
가			(4).		
			,		

^{, , ,}

Table 10. General profile of mortality cases

	<u>~</u>	
Age		50.97 ± 20.35
RTS		7.37 ± 15.60
ISS		23.47 ± 11.05
Mechanism	MVA*	25 (65.79%)
	Fall/slip	8 (21.05%)
	Other blunt	1 (2.63%)
	Penetrating	1 (2.63%)
	unknown	3 (7.89%)
Cause of death	Brain	26
	Shock	10
	Spine	1
	Pulmonary embolism	1

^{*} Motor vehicle accident

(5,6). 가 가 2 8,000 가 ISS=8.40, ISS 가 (median) 5, ISS 15 21.1% Brenneman ISS=25), Osler (median ISS=11), Lavoie (median ISS=9) , Grisoni ISS=8), Husum (median ISS=5), Jamulitrat (median ISS=4) , Level I Trauma Center (7-12).20~40 가

(1,4).

Baker

[,]

70 200 가 가 (13).가 가 가 가 가 가 . 20~40 가 20~40 가 RTS 7.45±1.11, ISS 8.40 가 Injury Severity Score ± 7.44 , 70 가 system 가 가 가 가 Gordon 가 가 (14,15).가 가 가 . 2 가 가 REFERENCES 1) Baker SP,O'Neill B, Hadden W, Long WB. The 가 Injury Severity Score:a method for describing , RTS GCS가 가 patients with multiple injuries and evaluating emer-AVPU, drowsy, stugency care. J Trauma 1974;14:187-96. 가 porous, semicoma 2) D.D. Trunkey, Trauma, Sci AmLancet 249 (1983), pp. 25-35. **GCS** 3) . 2005 http://kosis.nos.go.kr/ Verbal response cgi-bin/sws_777pop.cgi. 가 (16, 17).2가 4) Kelly Rutledge , GCS 2005;16(4):448-457.

7) Brenneman FD, Boulanger BR, McLellan A, Redelmeier DA. Measuring injury severity; time for a change? J Trauma. 1998;44:580-582.

. 1993;44(6):828-834.

. 1993;43(5):793-801.

3273

, 1

ISS

. RTS

3

가

5)

6)

- 8) Osler T, Baker SP, Long W. A modification of the injury severity score that both improves accuracy and simplifies scoring. J trauma. 1997;43:922-926.
- Lavoie A, Moore L, Lesage N, Liberman M, Sampalis JS. The new injury severity score: a more accurate predictor of in-hospital mortality than the injury severity score. J trauma 2004;56:1312-1320.
- 10) Grisoni E, Stallion A, Nance ML, Lelli JL, Garcia VF, Marsh E. The new injury severity score and the evaluation of pediatric trauma. J trauma. 2001;50:1106-1110.
- 11) Husum H, Strada G. Injury severity score for penetrating injuries. Prehospital Disaster Med. 2002;17:27-32.
- 12) Meredith JW, Evans MS, Kilgo PD, et al. A comparison of the abilities of nine scoring algorithms in predicting mortality. J trauma. 2002;53:621-629.
- 13) , , , , , .

- New Injury Severity Score (NISS) . 2003;14(2):192-197.
- 14) Gordon L, Norma E, McSwain J, et al. Emergency Department Deaths. Am J Surg. 1990;159:377-379.
- 16) Kelly CA, Upex A, Bateman DN. Comparison of consciousness level assessment in the poisoned patient using the alert/verbal/painful/unresponsive scale and the Glasgow Coma Scale. Ann Emerg Med. 2004;44:108-113.
- 17) Rutledge R, Lentz CW, Fakhry S, Hunt J. Appropriate Use of the Glasgow Coma Scale in Intubated Patients: A Linear Regression Prediction of the Glasgow Verbal Score from the Glasgow Eye and Motor Scores. J Trauma. 1996;41(3):514-22.