

KSR-III

*

Analysis on Propellant Injection Uniformity of KSR-III Manifold

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Abstract

A numerical analysis on the uniformity of propellant injection velocity of KSR-III has been carried out to give design improvements. Injector holes were approximated as porous media with the same pressure drop. The injection velocity is higher at the opposite side of the inlet for both LOX and fuel due to the static pressure rise in the stagnation region. Flow passages at the vertical circular plate in the LOX dome increase the uniformity of LOX injection. Little change was observed in the injection uniformity and pressure drop for the slanted LOX passage. Also provided were the O/F ratio distributions from the oxidizer/ fuel injection velocity analysis.

3

가
가

가 가
/

: (propellant manifold), (injection uniformity),
 (numerical analysis), fluent, (porous media)

1.

가

Fluent[2]

[3].

[1].

가

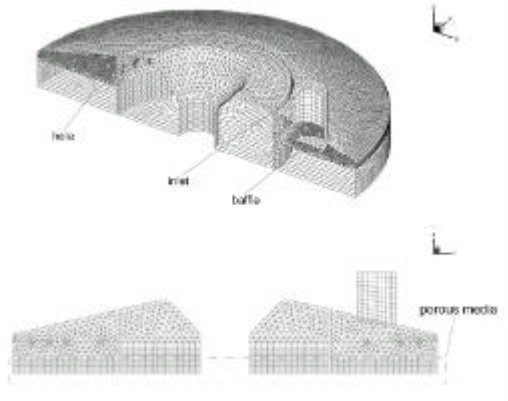
*

/ wkcho@kari.re.kr

가 QUICK 3.5 [4] 2

가

가



1.

2.

- : 37.5 kg/s
- : 1140 kg/m³
- : 0.0002 pa · s
- : 31.8 mm
- : 28.85 m/s

1

(baffle)

1

Fluent

가

3

Navier-Stokes

가

5×10⁶

$k - \epsilon$
1

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial x_i} = \sum_{j=1}^3 C_{2ij} \left(\frac{1}{2} \rho v_j |v_j| v_j \right) \quad (1)$$

C_{2ij}

- (d=4mm): 6.1 m/s
- (d=2mm): 24 m/s

: 19 mm
 : 0.24 m/s

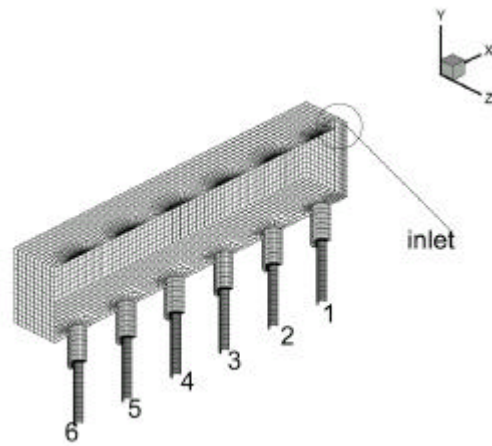
(1)

가

$$\Delta p_{CFD} = 3.2 \times 10^5 \text{ pa} \rightarrow C_{2ij} = 5.1 \times 10^5$$

C_{2ij}
 $10^2 \sim 10^3$
 (Fluent user's guide[2])

10^2



2.

3.

3.1

가 4mm 2mm
 7mm, 12mm

(2)

가

3

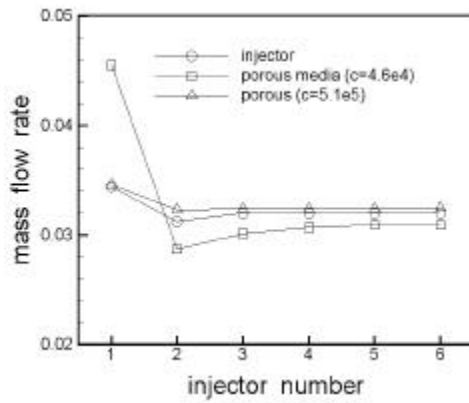
3

x

가

6

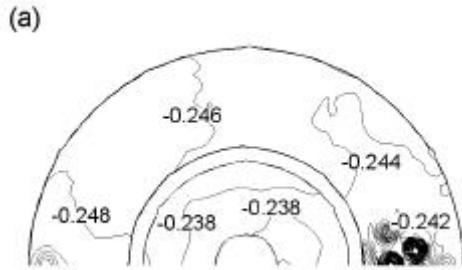
가



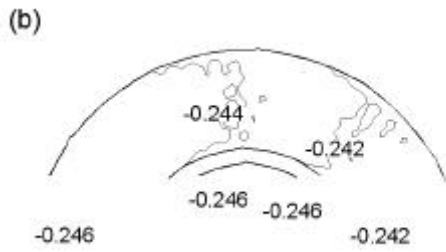
3.

3.2

4 가
 가 6mm 가
 가 가
 가 4.1
 4.3
 0.2
 1.



	(m/ s)
C_{2ij}	5.1×10^5 0.238~0.248 0.242~0.246



4. a) , b) ;

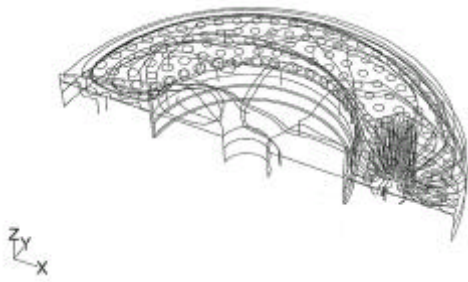
/ 가

가

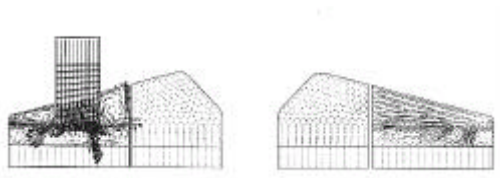
5

/
가

- : 16.2 kg/s
- : 800 kg/m³
- : 0.002 pa · s
- : 41.2 mm
- : 15.2 m/s



5.



6.

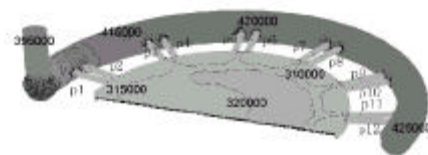
6

가

7
가 7 p1~p12 가

가

가 p1~p12



7.

3.3

RP-1

가

가

0



8.

1 2

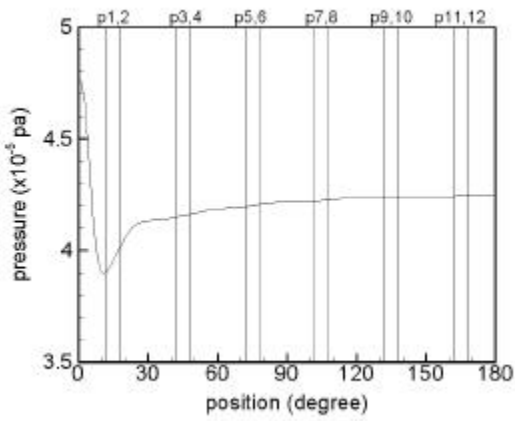
8

가 . 10
가
(

59.5mm

7)

가 180° 가
가
가가 가



9.

9

7

p1,2 ... 7

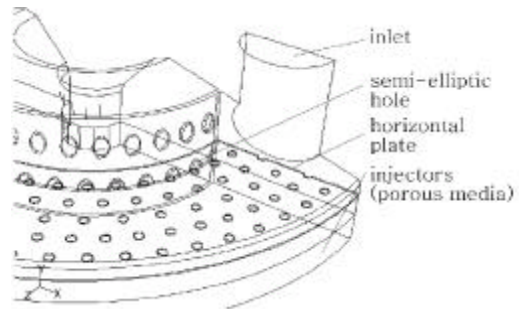
180° 가 20° 가

3.4

$\dot{m}=50.84$ kg/ s $\Delta p=8.467$
atm (=124.4 psi) 2

$\dot{m}=40.9$
kg/ s $\Delta p=5.46$ atm (=80.2
psi) 20mm (1)

7.12×10^5



10.

11

가

가

가

()

12

1/2

0 < x < 0.1 가

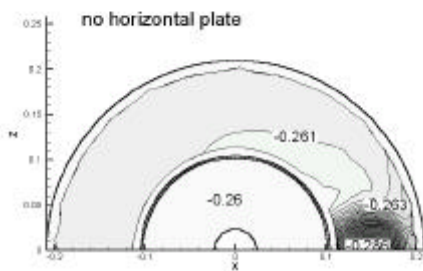
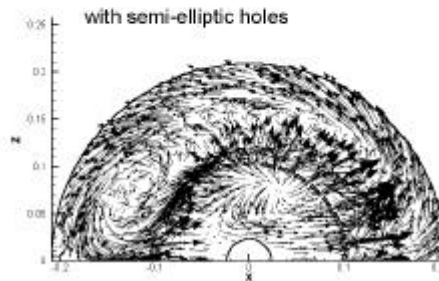
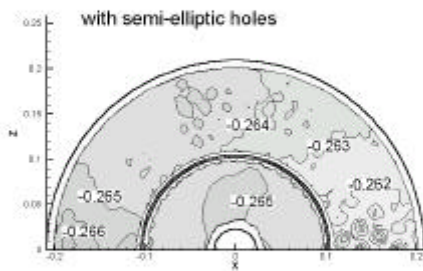
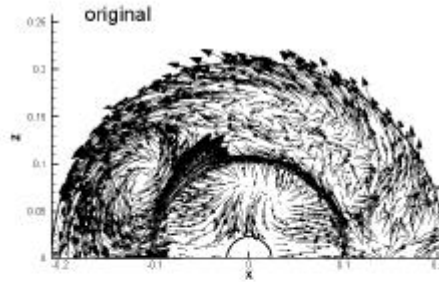
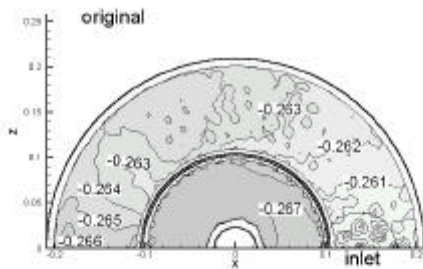
-0.1 < x < 0 가

가

가

2.

\dot{m} kg/s	Δp atm (psi)	
50.84	8.467 (124.4)	
40.9	5.480 (80.53)	



12.

11.

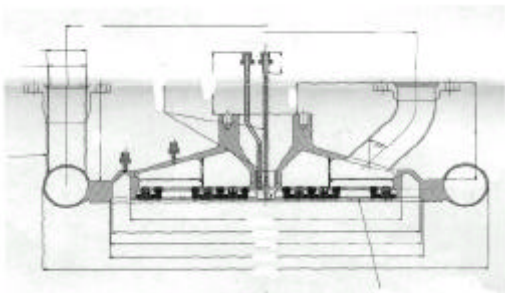
3.5

10

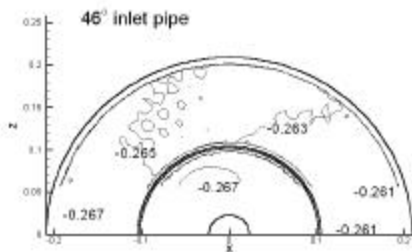
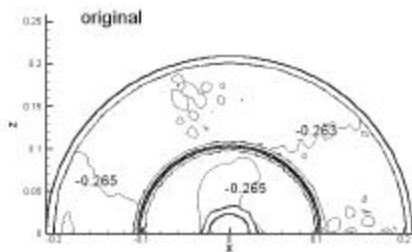
13

가
KL3E1002

46° 가
가
가



13.



14.

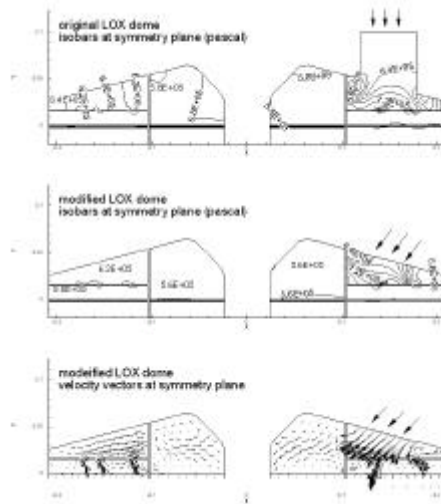
14

46°

(m/s)

가
가
가

가 가



15.

15

Pa (N/m²)

가

0.02 < x < 0.2

가

3

3.6

2

가

3.

	Δp atm (psi)
original model	6.22 (91.4)
modified model	6.46 (94.9)

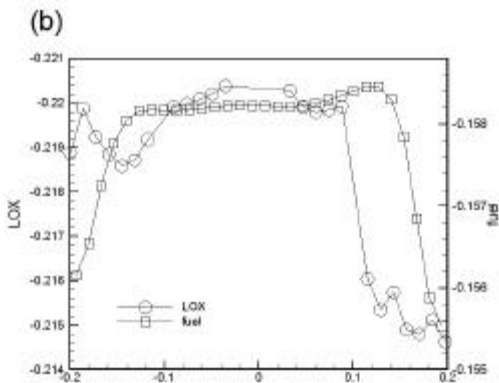
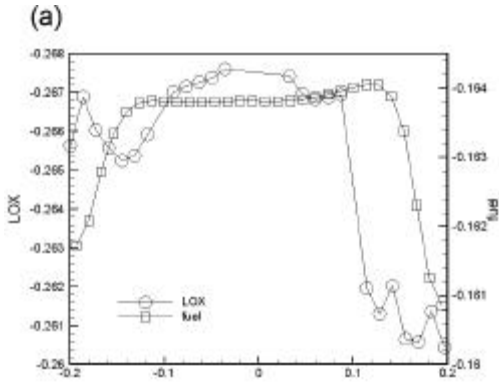
(case-D):

= 40.9 kg/ s
= 17.5 kg/ s

(case-O1):

= 33.7 kg/ s
= 16.9 kg/ s

16



16.

(a) case-D, (b) case-O1.

$-0.1 < x < 0.1$

$0.1 < x < 0.2$

16(b)

가

4.

KSR-III

16 y

16(a)

$-0.2 < x < -0.1$

가

가

$x = -0.2$

가

가 .

59.5mm ,
6mm
/

가

1. , 3 (III),
, 2000.
2. Fluent user's guide, 1996.
3. , 3
, KARI-RERD-TM-2000-001-
v.1- rev.1, , 2000.
4. B.P. Leonard, A stable and accurate con- vective
modelling procedure based on quadrat- ic
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