

1

Emdogain Calcium Sulfate Paste

1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 2 . 1 . 1

1
2

I.

(Bone Morphogenetic Protein; BMP)
(Carrier) Calcium Sulfate
가 Sottosanti
(Demineralized Freeze Dried Bone;
DFDB)

가

, BMP Calcium Sulfate

, DFDB
(Guided Tissue 9 - 11) .

Regeneration ; GTR),

Calcium

Sulfate

, Emdogain

1, 2, 3

Med -

Calcium Sulfate

ical Grade Calcium Sulfate가

30 - 40

Peltier,⁴⁾ Calhoun,⁵⁾ Bell⁶⁾

12,13) Medical

3 - 6

Grade Calcium Sulfate

14 - 16) .

Shaffer App⁷⁾
cium Sulfate가

Cal -

Emdogain

, 1988

. Emdogain

Yamazaki⁸⁾가

Her - Hammarstr m³⁴⁾
 twig (Hertwig's root sheath;
 HERS)
 (Enamel matrix protein; EMP)
 , 1997³⁵⁾ 1
 17-20),
 enamel epithelium) (outer
 enamel epithelium)가 (inner
 (dental organ) 가
 (cervical loop)
 HERS HERS
 (dental papilla)
 EMP 가
 가
 21), Calcium
 HERS Sulfate Emdogain?
 Emdogain Calcium Sulfate
 22) 1
 Calcium Sulfate Emdogain?
 Emdogain
 23-26), HERS
 가 가
 27-29),
 가 cytokine II.
 30-32), 1.
 1 15kg
 4
 EMP
 가 (Enamel
 1997 Hammarstr m³³⁾ EMP Matrix Derivative ; EMD, EMDOGAIN *)
 amelogenin paste Calcium

Sulfate paste
 Calcium Sulfate Calcium Sulfate
 51%, Zincoxide 30%, Polyvinyl - acetate
 13%, Poly - t - Butylacrylate 5%, Butylac -
 etate 1% Polyethylene glycol

2.

(1)

(Gingival Flap Surgery.

GFS)

Emdogain

I

Emdogain Paste

Calcium Sulfate

II

(2)

3

2

Pen -

tobarbital**

lactated

ringers

()

2

4

4mm

4mm

1

¼ round bur

(reference

notch)

가

7

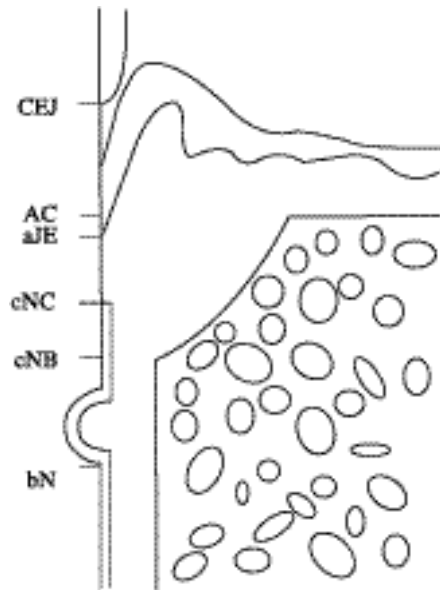
2% chlorhexi -

가

dine#

soft diet

8



CEJ :

bN : reference notch

cNC :

NBH :

CTA :

AC :

aJE :

cNB :

NC :

EG :

Figure 1. A schematic diagram depicting the landmarks and the parameters used in histomorphometric analysis

(3)

Sodium pentobarbital

8

Block section

10% formalin 10

5% formic acid 2

paraffin 5µm

70µm Serial

section

12 - 15

section

1 block 4
 Eosin

Hematoxylin -

** : Entobar^R, sodium pentobarbital 100 mg/2ml,

: Hexamedin 2%, Seoul, Korea

, Seoul, Korea

1.

(1)

(4)

(CEJ) (GM)

reference notch(N) CEJ

(J epithelium)

가 . Notch

(C - T adhesion),

reference notch

(Cementum Regen -

eration), reference notch (2) I (EMD)

(Bone

Regeneration) (Figure

1).

4 Block

, Notch

I, II

III. notch

Table I. Histomorphometric analysis of periodontal repair in 1 - wall intrabony defects following sur - gical implantation EMDOGAIN (EMD) or EMDOGAIN /Calcium Sulfate paste(EMD+CS) and gingival flap surgery(GFS).

	GFS(N=3)	EMD(N=4)	EMD+CS(N=3)
Defect Height	4.48 ± 0.07	4.66 ± 0.37	5.03 ± 0.75
J epithelium	0.41 ± 0.01 (9.05 ± 0.24)	0.42 ± 0.08 (9.12 ± 2.28)	0.50 ± 0.13 (10.08 ± 2.81)
CT adhesion	0.28 ± 0.02 (6.15 ± 0.28)	0.13 ± 0.08 (2.76 ± 1.57)	0.19 ± 0.02 (3.79 ± 0.30)
Cementum Reg.	3.80 ± 0.06 (84.80 ± 0.33)	4.12 ± 0.43 (88.12 ± 2.31)	4.34 ± 0.71 (86.13 ± 3.08)
Bone Reg.	1.43 ± 0.03 (32.37 ± 1.22)	1.53 ± 0.47 (33.28 ± 12.62)	2.25 ± 1.35 (43.52 ± 25.33)

mean(mm) ± S.D., (); mean (%) ± S.D.

IV.

가

(3, 4).

(3) II (EMD + Calcium Sulfate)

I

가가

36 - 38).

Calcium

Sulfate

(5, 6, 7, 8).

39).

acellular extrinsic

2.

fiber cementum

(1)

0.41 ± 0.01mm, 0.42 ± 0.08mm , 0.50 ± 0.13mm (Table I).

HERS

(2)

1.43 ± 0.03mm, 1.53 ± 0.47mm, 2.25 ± 1.35mm (Table I).

36 - 38).

(3)

3.80 ± 0.06mm, 4.12 ± 0.43mm, 4.34 ± 0.71mm (Table I).

21).

Inoue 40)

(4)

0.28 ± 0.02 mm, 0.13 ± 0.08mm, 0.19 ± 0.02 mm (Table I). 41)

, Cho

. 1997

Hammarstr m³⁴⁾ 가 I Propylene glycol alginate . Hammarstr m³⁴⁾ Emdogain Propylene glycol alginate , amelogenin , Emdogain[?] , Gestrelus⁴²⁾ Propylene glycol alginate가 Emdogain 가 . 8 Wikesj 가 , Notch 가 43,44). Calcium Sulfate GTR 가 1, 2, 3wall 가 12-16). EMD가 Calcium Sulfate 가 I II Calcium Sulfate Zincoxide, Polyvinyl - acetate, Polybutylacrylate, Polyethylene glycol, Butylacetate Paste Paste ,⁴⁵⁾ Calcium Sul - fate Paste Paste fate Gestrelus⁴²⁾ EMD Propylene glycol alginate , , Emdogain in vitro Propylene glycol alginate Emdogain 3 가 1,2 가 Emdogain 1

	Emdogain		II	3.80 ± 0.06 mm, 4.12 ±	
		Calcium sulfate		0.43mm, 4.34 ± 0.71mm	I, II
paste	Emdogain				I
가			II		
Emdogain		Calcium sulfate			
paste		II			
Emdogain		I			Emdogain?
			I		II
II		Calcium			Emdogain
Sulfate					Emdogain
Calcium Sulfate					
Bell ⁽⁶⁾		33	Cal -		33 -
cium Sulfate가				35)	
, Kim ^(12,13)		1, 2, 3			
8		가			
Calcium Sulfate Paste	8			26,27,46 - 51)	
45					
Paste	Calcium Sulfate				
Calcium Sulfate	가	가			
		가	8		
		Calcium			
Sulfate	가				
				Emdogain	
	II			Calcium Sulfate가	Calcium
				Sulfate	
				Emdogain	가
I		1.43 ±			
0.03mm, 1.53 ± 0.47 mm					
	II	2.25 ± 1.35mm			
	I			Carrier	Calcium Sulfate가
					Emdogain

V.

4mm , 4mm 1
 (Gingival
 Flap Surgery. GFS)
 Emdogain
 I , Emdo -
 gain Calcium Sulfate Paste
 II
 8
 1. I , I ,
 II 0.41 ± 0.01mm, 0.42 ±
 0.08mm, 0.50 ± 0.13mm
 2. I , I ,
 II 1.43 ± 0.03mm, 1.53 ±
 0.47 mm, 2.25 ± 1.35mm
 3. I , I
 , II 3.80 ± 0.06 mm,
 4.12 ± 0.43mm, 4.34 ± 0.71mm
 4. I , I ,
 II 0.28 ± 0.02mm, 0.13
 ± 0.08mm, 0.19 ± 0.02 mm
 Emdogain
 , Emdogain Calcium
 Sulfate Paste
 Emdogain
 가
 , Calcium Sulfate Paste
 Emdogain?

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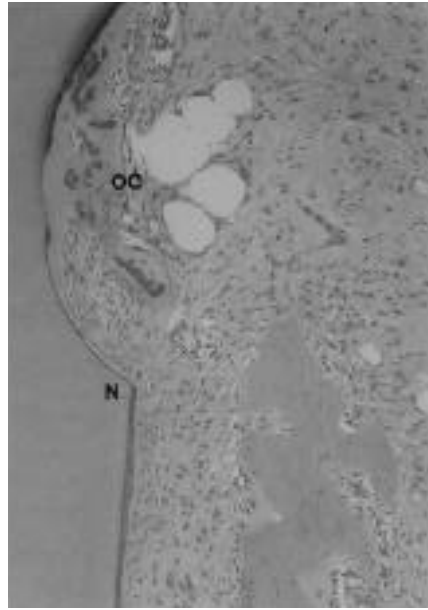
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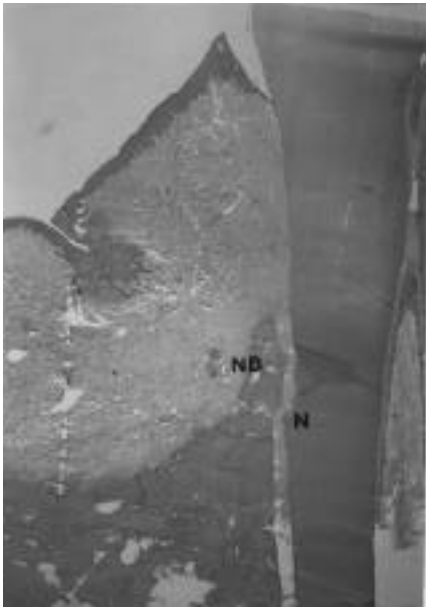
(1)



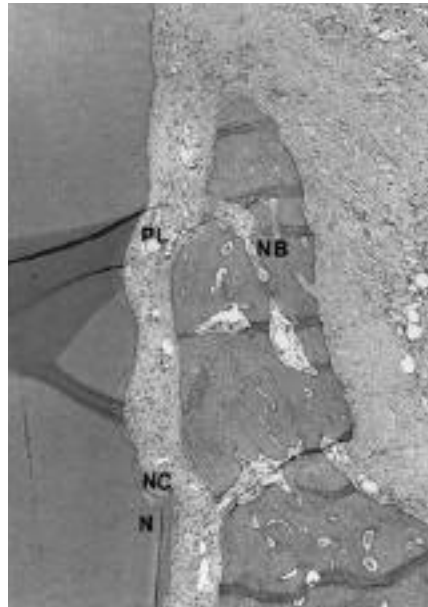
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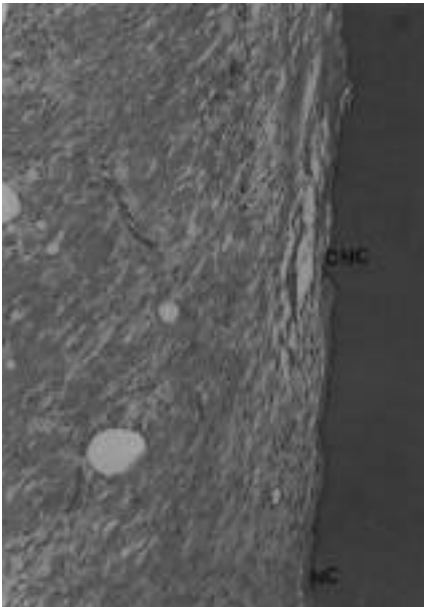
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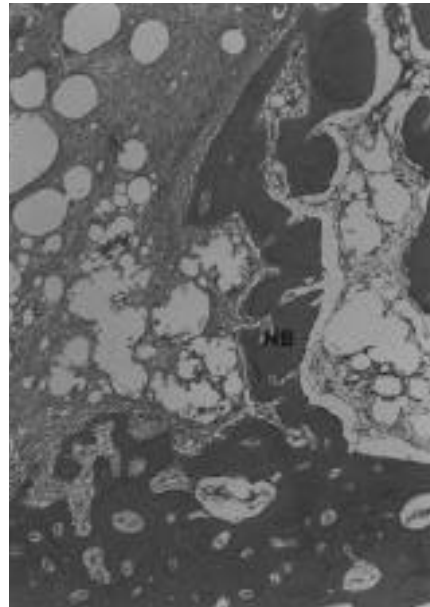
5



6



7



8

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50. , , , : DFDBA ePTFE
, , 26:567, 1996.
51. , : PDGF - BB IGF - I
, , 26:799, 1996.

1. (H - E, X 10)

NB : reference notch

JE :

CT :

2. (H - E, X 40)

PL :

NB :

NC :

. Notch

CB :

cNC :

3. I (H - E, X 10)

OC :

OB ;

Notch

4. I (H - E , X 40)

Notch

5. II (H - E , X 10)

Notch

6. II (H - E , X 40)

Notch

7. II (H - E , X 100)
가

가

가

8. II (H - E , X 40)

- Abstract -

The Effects of Enamel Matrix Derivative and Calcium Sulfate Paste on the Healing of 1 - Wall Intrabony Defects in Beagle Dogs

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Recently, it was reported that enamel matrix derivative may be beneficial in periodontal regeneration procedures in expectation of promoting new bone and cementum formation. The aim of present study was to evaluate the effect of enamel matrix derivative (Emdogain[®]) and Caso4 sulfate paste in 1 - wall intrabony defects in beagle dogs.

Surgically created 1 - wall intrabony defects were randomly assigned to receive root debridement alone or Emdogain or Emdogain and Caso4. Clinical defect size

was 4 X 4mm. The control group was treated with root debridement alone, and Experimental group I was treated with enamel matrix derivative application, and Experimental group II was treated with enamel matrix derivative and Caso4 sulfate paste application. The healing processes were histologically and histometrically observed after 8 weeks and the results were as follows :

1. The length of junctional epithelium was 0.41 ± 0.01 mm in the control group, 0.42 ± 0.08 mm in the experimental group I and 0.50 ± 0.13 mm in the experimental group II.
2. The connective tissue adhesion was 0.28 ± 0.02 mm in the control group, 0.13 ± 0.08 mm in the experimental group I and 0.19 ± 0.02 mm in the experimental group II.
3. The new cementum formation was 3.80 ± 0.06 mm in the control group, 4.12 ± 0.43 mm in the experimental group I and 4.34 ± 0.71 mm in the experimental group II.
4. The new bone formation was 1.43 ± 0.03 mm in the control group, 1.53 ± 0.47 mm in the experimental group I and 2.25 ± 1.35 mm in the experimental group II.

Although there was limitation to present study, the use of enamel matrix derivative in the treatment of periodontal 1 - wall intrabony defect enhanced new cementum and bone formation. Caso4 sulfate paste will be the candidate for carriers to deliver enamel matrix derivative, and so enhance the regenerative potency of enamel matrix

derivative.

Key words : periodontal tissue regeneration, enamel matrix derivative, 1 - wall intrabony defect, Caso4 sulfate patse