

1 . 1 . 1 . 2 . 1 . 3 , 1  
1  
2 , 3

I. (osteoprogenitor cell),  
(preosteoblast) .

1-8). osteonectin, osteocalcin, osteopontin, bone  
sialoprotein

. Type I  
90%

9).

가

가 , alkaline phosphatase(ALP)

가 . 18,19).

가 (osteoblastic cells) 가  
(cementoblastic cells) , cytokine

20,21).

10-17).

IL - 1 , IL - 1 , TNF - , IL - 2, IL - 4, IL - 5, IL - 6, IL - 8, INF - cytokines

40 - 43).

platelet - derived growth factor(PDGF), transforming growth factor(TGF), fibroblast growth factor(FGF), insulin - like growth factor(IGF)

(1998)

(1997)

44, 45).

22 - 29).

가

ALP

가

TGF - osteonectin

가

IL - 1 prostaglandin E2

II.

collagenase

1.

. Scutellaria Radix( ) Zea Mays L.

(1)

Zea Mays L.

(Safflower seed) 100g

10

가

30 - 38).

rotary evaporator

藥)

(活血祛瘀

freeze dryer

1

39).

(2)

19

carotene, adenosine, tocopherol, cystine, lysine, methionine, arginine, linoleic acid

, Hank's balanced salt solution(HBSS) 1.5M enzyme solution(0.1% collagenase, 0.05% trypsin, 0.5mM EDTA) 가 10

가

4  
1.5Mℓ ice - cold FBS 가  
4 6  
HBSS 10% FBS,  
1% 가 Dulbecco's Modified  
Eagle's Medium(DMEM, GIBCO/BRL, USA)  
100mm culture dish  
37 , 100% , 95% 5% CO<sub>2</sub>  
3  
3 - 5

가 plate aluminium foil  
4 37 , 5% CO<sub>2</sub>  
formazan  
200μℓ DMSO (dimethyl  
sulfoxide, Sigma Co., USA) 가 plate  
ELISA analyzer (Spectra MAX  
250, Molecular Devices Co.) 570nm  
4

(3)  
250g 3  
Sprague - Dawly 24  
(0.35g/kg/day)

(2) (Alkaline  
Phosphatase activity assay)  
60mm Petri dish 5 × 10<sup>4</sup>  
cell/dish가 , 10% FBS가  
가 DMEM 1 37 , 100% ,  
5% CO<sub>2</sub> . 1

2.  
10<sup>4</sup>cell  
가

10<sup>-3</sup>, 10<sup>-6</sup>g/Mℓ 가 , 3

(1)  
3, 4  
trypsinization  
24 - well plate well 1 ×  
10<sup>4</sup>cell 10% FBS  
가 DMEM  
. 24  
PBS 1  
10<sup>-3</sup>, 10<sup>-6</sup>g/Mℓ 가  
1Mℓ  
가  
3  
24 - well plate

trypsin - EDTA 1500  
rpm 8  
0.2Mℓ 가  
0.1Mℓ 0.1M glycine  
NaOH buffer(pH 10.4) 0.2Mℓ, 15mM pNPP  
0.1Mℓ, 0.1% Triton X - 100/saline 0.1Mℓ  
0.1Mℓ 37 30  
, 0.1N NaOH 0.6Mℓ 가  
(Beckman DU - 650,  
USA) 410nm  
(3) 가

MTT (3 - (4, 5 - dimethylthiazol - 2 -  
yl) - 2, 5 - diphenyl tetrazolium bromide ;  
Sigma Co., L.O., USA) 250μℓ 1Mℓ

ketamine HCl(Ketalar, Yuhan  
Co., Seoul, Korea)  
ether



Table 2. Effects of Safflower Seed Extract on Histologic Finding of Rat Calvarial Defects

	Control			SSE		
	1 week	4 weeks	8 weeks	1 week	4 weeks	8 weeks
Inflammatory cell	+++	±	±	++	±	±
Angiogenesis	±	±	±	++	±	±
Osteoclastic activity	++	±	±	±	±	±
Osteoblastic activity	±	+	+	++	+	+
Fibrosis in defect	+	++	+++	++	±	±
New bone formation	±	+	++	+	+++	+++
Bone maturation	±	+	+	±	+++	+++

- ; negative, ±; rare, +; mild, ++; moderate, +++; severe.  
SSE : Safflower Seed Extract.

( ), ++ ( ), +++ ( )  
5 .

(Fig 1, Table 2).

3.

4 1

(ANOVA) t - test p<0.05

(Fig 3,

Table 2).

III.

8

1.

4

ALP

가 .

Masson's trichrome(MT)

(Fig

가 .

5, Table 2).

ALP

가 ,

(2)

10 - 3g/ml

5

1

가 (Table 1).

가 .

2.

(1)

(Fig 2, Table 2).

1

4

Table 3. Effects of Safflower Seed Extract on New Bone Area of Rat Calvarial Defects by

Group Duration	Control	SSE
1 week	123.25 ± 97.91	870.27 ± 450.89*
4 weeks	1016.30 ± 385.97	1963.89 ± 575.50*
8 weeks	1223.87 ± 307.25	3201.87 ± 1050.44*

\* : Significant difference compared to control group(p<0.05).  
SSE : Safflower Seed Extract.

Table 4. Effects of Safflower Seed Extract on Expression of TGF - of RAT Calvarial Defects by

	Bone defect		Adjacent bone	
	Control	SSE	Control	SSE
1 week	±	+	+	+
4 weeks	++	++	++	++
8 weeks	++	++	++	++

- ; negative, ±; rare, +; mild, ++; moderate, +++; severe.  
SSE : Safflower Seed Extract.

Table 5. Effect of Safflower Seed Extract on Expression of Osteonectin of Rat Calvarial Defects by

	Bone defect		Adjacent bone	
	Control	SSE	Control	SSE
1 week	+	++	++	++
4 weeks	++	++	++	++
8 weeks	++	++	++	++

- ; negative, ±; rare, +; mild, ++; moderate, +++; severe.  
SSE : Safflower Seed Extract.

(Fig 6, Table 2).

3.

(Fig 4, Table 2).

8

4

1

123.25 ± 97.91 μm<sup>2</sup>

가

870.27 ± 450.89 μm<sup>2</sup>

7 가

4

$1016.30 \pm 385.97 \mu\text{m}^2$      $1963.89 \pm$   
 $575.50 \mu\text{m}^2$     1.9 ,    8  
 $1223.87 \pm 307.25 \mu\text{m}^2$      $3201.87 \pm 1050.44$   
 $\mu\text{m}^2$     2.7 가

(Fig 13, 14, Table 5).

IV.

(Table 3).

4.

가

가

(1) TGF -

가

1

가

가

TGF -

TGF - 가

가

(Fig 7, Table 3).

4

8

TGF -

가 (Fig 9, 10, Table 4).

가

(2) Osteonectin

柏),

(荊芥)

(竹鹽),

(桔慶),

(黃

1

TGF -

32-34).

(Fig 11, 12).

4

8

osteonectin

- carotene, adeno -  
sine, tocopherol, cystine, lysine, methionine,  
arginine, linoleic acid

- carotene 0.1 - 1  $\mu$  M

ALP

osteopontin

가

adenosine bisphosphate

hydroxyapatite

. Lysine

arginine  
nitric oxide synthesis

가 51-55).

40-43).

ALP

autocrine paracrine

46-48).

M $\ell$

10<sup>-6</sup>g/M $\ell$

10<sup>-3</sup>g/

MTT assay ALP

(Osteogenesis)

가

가

(Osteoprogenitor cell)

가

, 가 ALP  
calcium phosphate

(Osteoinduction)  
(Osteoconduction)

Hosney(1985)

Masson's trichrome

(Creeping substitu -

tion)

가

49).

; 1)

56),

, 2) 가

, 3)

가

, 4)

1

7 ,

4

1.9 ,

8

2.7 가

가

50).

glycoprotein

ALP 160kDa

가



1  
, 4 가 .

TGF - 가

4

1

osteonectin, osteopontin, bone sialoprotein, diglycan, fibronectin

가가 . osteonectin 35 - 45kDa glycoprotein

2 가

hydroxyapatite 1

가

bone morphogenesis

1

remodeling

60 - 63).

osteonectin

가

가

가

(Growth and differentiation factors),

osteonectin

, cytokines

가

64.

65). 4

IGF - I - II, TGF - , aFGF, bFGF, PDGF,

BMP 57 - 59).

가 4

TGF -

. TGF -

가

25kDa , 가

가

ALP

가

60 - 63).

TGF -

, TGF -

osteonectin

가

가

가

가

V.

VI.

ALP

1.

(10<sup>-3</sup>g/Mℓ) 가 가  
(p<0.05).

2.

3.

가 4

4.

가

5.

가  
(p<0.05).

6. TGF - , osteonectin

가 4  
가

가

가

ALP

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IL - 1  
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Zea Mays L.  
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( I )

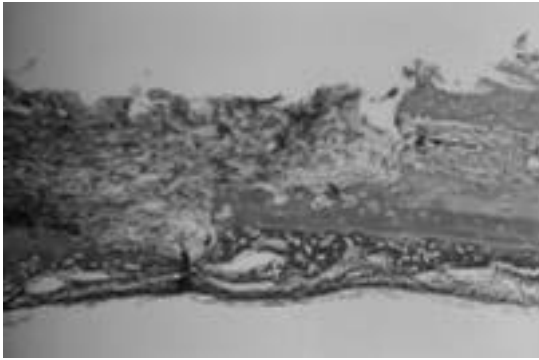


Fig 1. Microphotography of bone remodeling according to healing at 1 week on control groups(modified Masson - Trichrome stain



Fig 2. Microphotography of bone remodeling according to healing at 1 week on saf - flower seed extract groups (modified

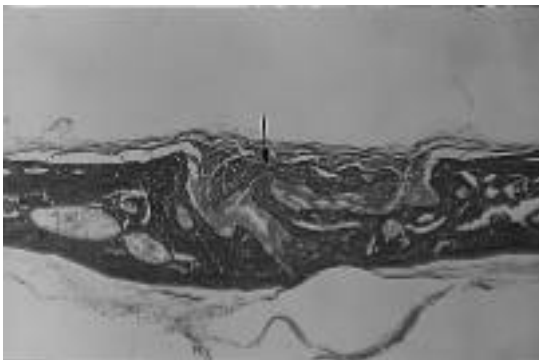


Fig 3. Microphotography of bone remodeling according to healing at 4 weeks on control groups(modified Masson - Trichrome

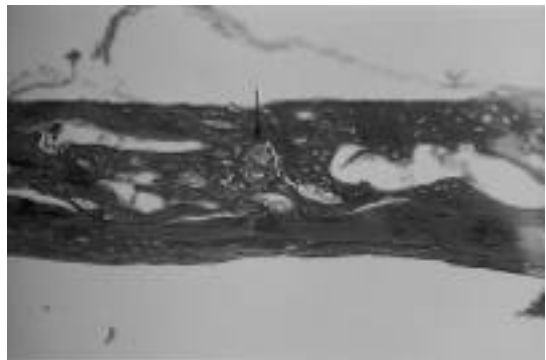


Fig 4. Microphotography of bone remodeling according to healing at 4 weeks on saf - flower seed extract groups (modified



Fig 5. Microphotography of bone remodeling according to healing at 8 weeks on control groups(modified Masson - Trichrome

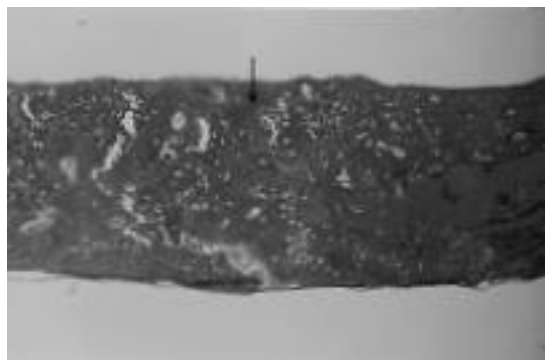


Fig 6. Microphotography of bone remodeling according to healing at 8 weeks on saf - flower seed extract groups (modified

( II )



Fig 7. Immunohistochemistry expression of TGF - according to healing at 1 week on

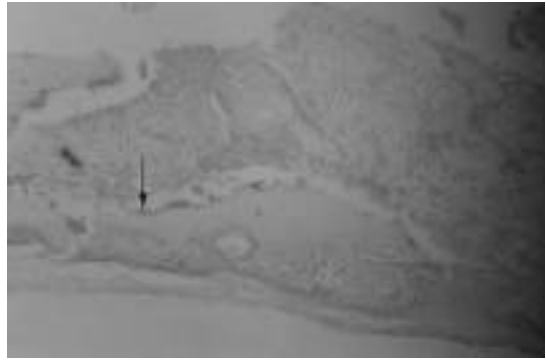


Fig 8. Immunohistochemistry expression TGF - according to healing at 1 week on safflower seed extract groups(x 100).



Fig 9. Immunohistochemistry expression of TGF - according to healing at 8 weeks on



Fig 10. Immunohistochemistry expression of TGF - b according to healing at 8 weeks on safflower seed extract groups(x 40).



Fig 11. Immunohistochemistry expression of osteonectin according to healing at 1 week on control groups(x 100).



Fig 12. Immunohistochemistry expression of osteonectin according to healing at 1 week on safflower seed extract groups(x

( III )

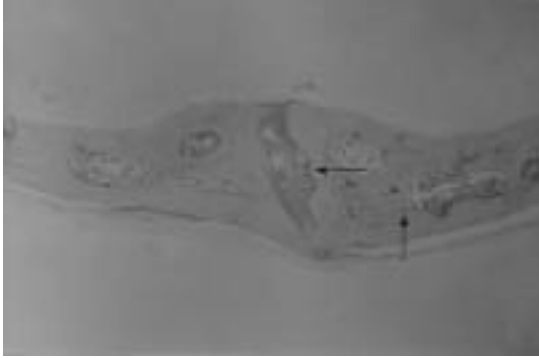


Fig 13. Immunohistochemistry expression of osteonectin according to healing at 8 weeks on control groups( $\times 40$ ).



Fig 14. Immunohistochemistry expression of osteonectin according to healing at 8 weeks on safflower seed extract

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- Abstract -

## Effects of Safflower Seed Extract on the Osteoblastic Activity and Bone Regeneration

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<sup>2</sup>Department of Oral Pathology, College of Dentistry,

<sup>3</sup>College of Pharmacy, Wonkwang University

The purpose of the present study is to examine the effect of cell proliferation and alkaline phosphatase activity in osteoblastic cells and to compare the bone healing ability of rat calvarial defects between the control group and the safflower seed extract treated group. Osteoblastic cells were obtained from calvariae of a fetal rat. Cells were cultured containing DMEM and safflower seed extract ( $10^{-6}$ g/Ml,  $10^{-3}$ g/Ml) at 37 with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> in 100% humidity for 3 days. MTT was performed to examine the viability of the cells, and alkaline phosphatase activity was analyzed to examine the mineralization in vitro. Rat calvarial defects (5 × 5mm) in 250g Sprague - Dawly were made using round bur. Rats were administrated with safflower seed extract (0.35g/kg/day) for experimental periods. Calvarial defects were studied histopathologically and

immunohistochemically at 1, 4, and 8 weeks. High concentration group ( $10^{-3}\text{g/Ml}$ ) of safflower seed extract significantly increased in the cell proliferation and alkaline phosphatase synthesis in osteoblastic cells. The infiltration of inflammatory cells and osteoclastic activities were decreased in the safflower seed extract treated group as compared with control group. Bone maturation was accelerated in the safflower seed extract treated group as compared to control group. No difference in osteoinductive process was observed between the control and the safflower seed extract treated group. Immunohistochemical observation revealed that protein expression of TGF- $\beta$  and osteonectin during early healing phase in the safflower seed extract treated group was slightly increased as compared to control group. These results indicate that safflower seed extract promotes the healing process in bony defect of rat calvariae, and retains a potential applicability as an adjuvant therapeutic modality for regeneration of periodontal bony defect.