

주의력 결핍 · 과잉행동장애 아동에서  
Methylphenidate에 의한 사건관련전위와  
연속과제수행 변화사이의 상관성

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CHANGES IN EVENT-RELATED  
POTENTIALS AND CHANGES IN CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE  
TEST UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF METHYLPHENIDATE IN  
ATTENTION-DEFICIT/HYPERACTIVITY DISORDER

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요 약 : methylphenidate(MPH)가 ADHD 아동에서 사건관련전위(SAP)와 연속과제수행(AX-CPT)에 미치는 영향을 평가하기 위하여, MPH(0.5mg/kg)를 투여한 아동과 위약을 투여한 아동의 SAP와 AX-CPT를 비교하였다. MPH 투여군은 위약군에 비해 Pz, Oz, P2, Fz, Cz, P3, P3 위치에서 SAP의 진폭이 증가하였다. 또한 MPH 투여군은 위약군에 비해 AX-CPT의 정답률(Hits)이 증가하였다. MPH 투여군에서 SAP의 진폭 증가와 AX-CPT의 정답률 증가는 유의적으로 관련이 있었다. (p<0.05)

중심 단어 : Methylphenidate.

서 론

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(Barkley 1990). msec  
(inattention) / (hyperactivity/impulsivity) 가 (Verbaten  
DSM - (Diagnostic and Statistical manual of Mental Disorder, 4th edition. 1994). , (early waves)  
APA 1994) - N1, P2 N2 (late wave)  
9 P3 . N1  
1) - (selective attention) , P2  
가 2) (Changing Orienting Reaction, COR)  
3) -  
. 7 가 . N2  
6 . P3  
. (delivery of task relevant information)  
(Ki - (Verbaten 1994).  
nsbourne Swanson 1979) . ERP  
(Hynd 1990), Satterfield (1988)  
(Giedd 1994)  
. Dennis (1996)  
(Single Photon Emission N1 N2  
Computed Tomography, SPECT) (striatum) Holcomb (1985) P3 가  
. Klorman (1979)  
가가 , Zametkin(1990) P3가  
. 가  
Positron Emission CPT  
Tomography(PET) (sustained attention)  
. Douglas(1983) (Corkum Siegel 1993). Parasuraman  
Davies(1984) CPT  
, Swanson Cooney  
가 (1989) CPT  
가 CPT  
. (Brain EEG (Corkum Siegel 1993). CPT 가  
Mapping) (Event - Related Potentials, ERP)가 가 .  
(Continuous Performance Test, 가  
CPT)가 (Conners 1995). 가  
. (omission and commission  
errors)가 가 가 (KI -  
(Picton orman 1979 ; Kirby 1993).  
Hillyard 1988). PET Methylphenidate(MPH) (presy -

naptic terminal)  
 rcolepsy), (Na- 가 6 14 ; DSM -  
 Klorman (1979) P3가 MPH (Conner's Abbre-  
 가 P3 가 viated Parent Rating Scale, CAPRS 1988) 16  
 Verbaten (1994) P3 가 가 ;  
 MPH (Korean Wechsler  
 MPH Intelligent Scale for Children : KEDI - WISC 1987)  
 가 가 85 ;  
 가 (Klorman 1  
 1979 ; Kirby 1993 ; Corkum Siegel 1993) ;  
 MPH  
 가 P3 가 MPH  
 P3 MPH N1, P2, N2 가 , DSM -  
 MPH  
 Kupietz Richardson(1978)  
 , ADHD 14  
 가 3  
 가 (Shapiro Herod 2. 연구 절차  
 1994).  
 가 가 (Halliday  
 1983 ; Klorman 1991 ; Verbaten 1994).  
 MPH 가 2 , 5 가 1 , 가  
 가

## 연구대상 및 방법

### 1. 연구대상

1996 3 1 1997 9

가 MPH(0.5mg/kg) 30 X X 가 가 .

60 25/100sec, (inter - stimulus - interval) 1.0sc, 18 block , Trial/Block 20, Target/Block 18 . AX (successive discrimination task) A X가 . A가

3. 도 구 X가 가 .

1) 부모평정척도 20/100sec, (inter - stimulus - interval) 1.5sec, 4 block , Trial/Block 100, Target/Block 10 . X AX 가 6 7 . 가 가 CPT - X 14 , CPT - AX 10 30 가 .

(1) (CAPRS) 10 가 , 15 16 ( 1990) 가 가 (Conners 1995).

2) 신경심리학적 검사 (1) (KEDI - WISC) 가 11 1 가 (2) (CPT) 3) 사건관련전위 Biologic Systems Corp Brain Atlas 10 20 18 digital filter files (all channel impedance test) 5k 가 Multi - Health - Systems Inc(MHS 1995) CPT 3.0 CPT - X CPT - AX

radigm Oddball pa -

결 과

Table 1

0msec 512msec  
 (single) 1000  
 Hz sine wave tone bursts 70dB Sound 156  
 Pressure Level( SPL) 가 4096 2.00  
 가 (dual) 2000 IQ 118.00,  
 Hz sine wave tone bursts 70dB SPL IQ 109.00 . 가  
 가 50 MPH  
 1.1/sec 0.5mg/kg 11mg  
 16mg 13.18mg

Peak/Latency  
 N1, P2, N2, N3

1. 사건관련전위

1) 잠복기

methylphenidate

0msec 512msec  
 (positive deflection) P1 50 200  
 msec 가 가 N1 P2, N2  
 , 120 200msec 가  
 P2 P2 N1  
 . 200 300msec 가  
 N2 200 500msec  
 가 P3  
 N2  
 가 가  
 0µV  
 Cz, Fz, Pz, Oz  
 N1, P2, N2, P3

Cz, Fz, Pz, Oz  
 N1, P2, N2, P3 N1,  
 P2, N2 가  
 . P3 Cz, Fz, Pz, Oz  
 Fz  
 (Table 2).  
 p<0.01

4. 자료의 분석

SPSSWIN

Wilcoxon Paired Signed Ranks Test

Spearman's rho

.05

Table 1. Characteristics of the subjects

	N = 11	Median(25 - 75%)
Sex(Male/Female)	11/0	
Handedness(Rt/Lt)	11/0	
Previous stimulant therapy(yes/no)	10/1	
Family history(yes/no)	0/11	
Physical illness history (yes/no)	0/11	
Age(month)		100.00( 89.00 - 103.00)
Education(year)		2.00( 1.00 - 3.00)
KEDI-WISC Full scale IQ*		109.00( 95.00 - 120.00)
KEDI-WISC Verbal IQ*		118.00(100.00 - 125.00)
KEDI-WISC Performance IQ*		107.00( 93.00 - 119.00)
CAPRS†		16.00( 16.00 - 16.00)
Methylphenidate dosage		12.50( 12.50 - 14.00)

\*Korean Wechsler Intelligent Scale for Children

† Conner's Abbreviated Parent Rating Scale



가  
 Cz, Fz 가 P3 MPH CPT - X (p<0.01)  
 Cz 가(p<0.01) (p<0.05)  
 Fz, Pz, Oz 가 (p<0.05) (p<0.01)  
 (Table 5). 가 AX (p<0.05)

2. 연속과제수행검사

**Table 4.** Effects of methylphenidate on amplitudes of N1, P2, N2, P3 waves to the nontarget stimuli at Cz, Fz, Pz, Oz leads

Leads\ERP waves ( $\mu$ V)	Subjects(N = 11)			
	N1	P2	N2	P3
	Median(25 - 75%)			
Cz Before	- 1.89 ( - 2.57 - 0.13)	2.45 ( - 1.10 - 4.18)	- 3.98 ( - 6.49 - - 0.55)	4.59 (2.81 - 5.51)
After	- 0.86 ( - 3.18 - 0.24)	2.45 ( - 1.22 - 4.16)	- 4.04 ( - 5.94 - - 0.95)	4.85 (2.38 - 6.12)
Fz Before	- 1.60 ( - 5.51 - 0.79)	1.40 ( - 1.22 - 3.00)	- 3.55 ( - 7.59 - - 1.47)	3.67 (3.18 - 5.15)
After	- 2.57 ( - 6.03 - - 0.12)	1.34 ( - 1.96 - 2.95)	- 5.14 ( - 7.72 - - 0.42)	3.06 (1.22 - 6.12)
Pz Before	- 0.61 ( - 2.27 - 0.29)	1.53 ( 0.18 - 3.61)	- 1.96 ( - 4.27 - - 0.91)	3.55 (2.24 - 4.28)
After	- 0.49 ( - 1.92 - 0.67)	2.51 ( - 0.61 - 4.41)	- 1.96 ( - 4.16 - 2.08)	4.82 (2.69 - 6.86)
Oz Before	- 0.76 ( - 2.23 - - 0.24)	2.30 ( 1.28 - 3.11)	- 2.69 ( - 3.92 - - 0.12)	2.90 (2.51 - 3.43)
After	- 1.47 ( - 3.43 - 0.49)	2.32 ( - 0.12 - 5.02)	- 2.09 ( - 4.53 - 0.25)	2.69 (1.47 - 6.98)

Note : ERP waves : Event-related potential waves

**Table 5.** Effects of methylphenidate on amplitudes of N1, P2, N2, P3 waves to the target stimuli at Cz, Fz, Pz, Oz leads

Leads\ERP waves ( $\mu$ V)	Subjects(N = 11)			
	N1	P2	N2	P3
	Median(25 - 75%)			
Cz Before	- 2.20 ( - 5.88 - - 0.61)	2.57 ( - 1.83 - 5.51)	- 1.83 ( - 4.04 - 1.47)	5.75 (3.43 - 9.92)
After	- 0.61 ( - 4.28 - 0.49)	4.10 ( 2.32 - 6.63)	- 1.10 ( - 2.32 - 1.47)	8.21** (5.51 - 12.37)
Fz Before	- 1.83 ( - 10.79 - 0.30)	0.55 ( - 5.45 - 4.53)	- 3.43 ( - 5.75 - - 0.36)	6.31 (2.94 - 9.31)
After	- 3.18 ( - 4.41 - - 0.11)	1.65 ( - 0.49 - 2.45)	- 2.45 ( - 5.63 - - 0.61)	8.08 (3.18 - 11.27)
Pz Before	- 0.24 ( - 2.45 - 0.12)	1.59 ( 0.49 - 2.94)	- 1.22 ( - 4.77 - - 0.12)	3.43 (2.75 - 6.98)
After	- 0.67 ( - 3.92 - 0.98)	4.16* ( 1.83 - 7.10)	- 0.24 ( - 1.71 - 0.36)	5.63 (4.16 - 8.82)
Oz Before	- 0.85 ( - 5.14 - - 0.85)	2.69 ( 1.96 - 5.75)	- 1.61 ( - 8.94 - - 0.85)	5.14 (1.99 - 6.12)
After	0.00 ( - 4.41 - 2.08)	6.61* ( 3.18 - 8.21)	- 1.22 ( - 6.00 - 1.10)	6.00 (3.73 - 11.51)

\* < .05    \*\* < .01    Note : ERP waves : Event-related potential waves

**Table 6.** Effects of methylphenidate on continuous performance test

CPT\ Paradigm	Subjects(N = 11)					
	OE	CE	Hit RT	Hits	d	
X Before	12.00 (4.00 - 20.00)	23.00 (13.00 - 28.00)	438.78 (384.92 - 517.50)	312.00 (304.00 - 320.00)	1.10 (0.67 - 1.77)	0.23 (0.13 - 0.39)
After	1.00** (0.00 - 10.00)	18.00* ( 1.00 - 24.00)	420.07 (348.55 - 485.67)	323.00* (314.00 - 324.00)	3.01** (1.44 - 3.93)	0.15 (0.12 - 0.34)
AX Before	2.00 (1.00 - 3.50)	7.50 ( 4.75 - 16.50)	405.31 (358.45 - 487.12)	37.50 ( 36.50 - 39.00)	3.61 (2.94 - 4.36)	1.86 (0.50 - 3.68)
After	0.50 (0.00 - 3.25)	2.50 ( 1.00 - 5.75)	385.25 (324.68 - 483.85)	39.50 ( 36.75 - 40.00)	4.77** (4.27 - 5.61)	1.56 (1.21 - 7.08)

\* < .05    \*\* < .01    Note : CPT : Continuous performance test    OE : Omission error  
 CE : Commission error    Hits : The number of responses to targets  
 Hit RT : Hit reaction time    d' : Sensitivity    β : Criterion bias

**Table 7.** Correlation between changes in event-related po-tential and changes in continuous performance test

ERP changes\CPT changes	X Paradigm				AX Paradigm	
	OE	CE	Hits	d	CE	d
CTAP3	.014	.409	.028	.82	.080	-.249
FSLP3	-.303	-.105	.330	-.345	-.037	-.598*
OTAP2	.433	-.055	-.432	.096	.448	.000
PTAP2	-.406	.173	.340	.569*	-.239	-.049

\* < .05  
 Note : CPT : Continuous performance test    X-Paradigm : CPT X-Paradigm    AX-Paradigm : CPT AX-Pardigm  
 OE : Omission Error    CE : Commission Error  
 Hits : The number of correct response to targets    d' : Perceptual sensitivity  
 β : Criterion bias    ERP : Event related potential  
 CTAP3 : P3 amplitude to target stimuli at Cz    FSLP3 : P3 latency to nontarget stimuli at Fz  
 OTAP2 : P2 amplitude to target stimuli at Oz    PTAP2 : P2 amplitude to target stimuli at Pz

가(p<0.01) , Pz P2 CPT - X (p<0.05)  
 가 (Table 6). (Table 7).  
 3. 사건관련전위 변화와 연속과제수행 변화 사이의 고 찰  
 관계  
 methylphenidate(MPH)  
 Spearman's rho  
 Fz P3 , Oz Pz MPH  
 P2 , Cz  
 P3 CPT - X  
 CPT - AX  
 Fz P3 가  
 가 P3 CPT - AX (p<0.05) , Cz P3 Pz, Oz P2



가 . P2 가  
 Halliday (1983) MPH가 P2 가 Klorman (1983) , ,  
 Verbaten (1994) Dykman CPT - X  
 (1983) MPH P2 CPT - Double  
 . P3 가 . Verbaten (1994)  
 (Sutton 1965 ; Klorman 1979 ; Michael 1981 ; 가 가 Kirby (1993)  
 Satterfield 1988 ; Rapport Kelly 1991) . Rapport  
 MPH N1, N2 가 . Kelly(1991)  
 N1 MPH (Hall 1976 ; . Coons (1986)  
 Coons 1981 ; Verbaten 1994) MPH  
 MPH N1 가(Halliday MPH  
 1983) N1 (Dykman 1983) MPH  
 . N1 . Coons  
 (irrelevant input) (relevant (1981) CPT - X MPH  
 information) CPT - Double  
 (Klorman 1991). P2 MPH  
 MPH

가 . N2 . Solanto  
 . P2 - N2 (COR) (1997) MPH 가  
 (automatic detection) MPH가 가 가  
 가 (Robaey 1992). P3 가 CPT - X CPT - AX  
 (evaluation process) 가 P3 . CPT - AX (A)  
 가 (Klorman (X) 가  
 1991 ; Robaey 1992 ; Verbaten 1994). 가

MPH 가  
 가 . Parasuraman Davies  
 (1984)  
 N1,  
 N2 가  
 가  
 가 (Conners 1995).  
 CPT - X 가  
 , AX .  
 가 , CPT - X . (d )  
 , AX

(phasic response) 가  
 ( )  
 (activation)  
 (Corkum Siegel 1993). ( 1991 ; 1992).  
 가 가 . Fz P3 CPT - AX  
 (noise) , , , Pz P2  
 , , , , CPT - X  
 (Corkum Siegel 1993). , Haider (1964)  
 Skyes N1  
 (1971) (1.5msec) Wilkinson Haines(1970)  
 (1.0msec) , Chee . Klorman  
 (1989) (slow stimulus rate) (1979) MPH P1, N1, P2 가  
 가 가 . Satterfield  
 가 (1988) Verbaten (1994) Pz P3  
 (Davies Parasuraman 1981), 가  
 P3  
 가 가 (Corkum Siegel 1993).  
 MPH가 CPT - X Koelega Verbaten(1991)  
 가 CPT - AX CPT - AX  
 가 CPT - X  
 가 , P3  
 CPT - AX 가 가 , P2  
 가  
 (Coons 1981 ; Coon 1986)  
 , CPT - AX  
 가  
 CPT - X 가  
 , CPT - AX 1.5msec CPT - X (Halliday  
 1.0 msec , 10 CPT - X 1983 ; Klorman 1991 ; Verbaten 1994)  
 18 가 가  
 , ERP  
 CPT - Double CPT 가  
 CPT  
 CPT - X CPT - AX ADHD  
 가 , MPH가 가

Sprague Sleator(1977) MPH 0.3mg/kg 0.5mg/kg 가 가

(1989) 1.0mg/kg 0.3mg/kg Klorman **결론**

(1987) 0.7mg/kg Kupietz MPH 11

(1996) 0.56mg/kg 가 Campbell

(0.3mg/kg) Kathleen (1997) (0.8mg/kg) 1) Fz(p<0.01) P3 가 Pz(p<0.05), Oz (p<0.05) P2, Cz(p<0.01) P3

가 0.5mg/kg 2) CPT - X (p<0.01) (p<0.05), AX 가 60 MPH (p<0.05) , CPT - X (p<0.01) AX (p<0.01) 60 120 가 60 가가 Fz P3 CPT - AX (p<0.05), 3) Pz P2 CPT - X (p<0.05) MPH 가 가 MPH 가 가 가 가 가

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**RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CHANGES IN EVENT-RELATED  
POTENTIALS AND CHANGES IN CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE  
TEST UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF METHYLPHENIDATE IN  
ATTENTION-DEFICIT/HYPERACTIVITY DISORDER**

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**Objective :** This study was designed to evaluate effects of methylphenidate(MPH) on event-related potentials(ERP) and continuous performance test(CPT) in attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) and to see the correlation between changes in ERP and changes in performance.

**Method :** ERP and CPT were used to examine the acute effects of MPH(0.5mg/kg) in eleven ADHD boys(89 -103 months old).

**Results :**

1) After MPH administration, P3 latency to nontarget stimuli at Fz was significantly decreased ( $p < 0.01$ ) and P2 amplitudes to target stimuli at Pz and at Oz and P3 amplitude to target stimuli at Cz were significantly increased ( $p < 0.05$ ).

2) Commission error and omission error in the CPT-X and commission error in the CPT-AX were decreased ( $p < 0.01$ ), and hits and perceptual sensitivity( $d$ ) in the CPT-X and  $d$  in the CPT-AX were increased ( $p < 0.01$ ).

3) The change of P3 latency to nontarget stimuli at Fz and the change of  $d$  in the CPT-X were negatively correlated ( $p < 0.05$ ), and the change of P2 amplitude to target stimuli at Pz and  $d$  in the CPT-AX were positively correlated ( $p < 0.05$ ).

**Conclusion :** MPH improves change orienting reaction, the delivery of task relevant information, accuracy and perceptual sensitivity in ADHD. And the increase of ability to discriminate targets from non-targets reflects reduced evaluation time in large memory component task and enhanced change orienting reaction in simple task.

**KEY WORDS :** Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder · Event-related potentials · Continuous performance test · Methylphenidate.