

Pteriomorphia (Mollusca: Bivalvia) from Ullüng Island, Korea

Byung Lae Choe, *Won Kim, Jong Rak Lee, and *Sook Hee Yoon

(Department of Biology, College of Science, Sung Kyun Kwan University, Suwon 440-746; *Department of Molecular Biology, College of Natural Sciences, Seoul National University, Seoul 151-742, Korea)

ABSTRACT

Thirty-three species or subspecies of marine pteriomorphs from Ullüng Island, Korea are described. All the described species are new to the fauna of this island. Among them, five species, *Modiolus (Modiolus) comptus* Sowerby, 1915, *Gregariella coralliphaga* (Gmelin, 1791), *Musculus (Musculus) laevigatus* (Gray, 1824), *Chlamys (Coralichlamys) jousseaumei* Bavay, 1904, *Spondylus (Spondylus) varius* Sowerby, 1829 are newly recorded in Korean waters. These five species are redescribed.

Key words: Taxonomy, Bivalvia, Pteriomorphia, Ullüng Island, Korea.

All the taxonomic studies on the marine mollusks from Ullüng Island were those from gastropods, and there have been no information on the bivalves of this island (see Choe & Yoon, 1990a; 1990b; 1992). We collected the pteriomorphs from Ullüng Island from June 1989 to August 1992 at thirty-one localities (Fig. 1), and identified thirty-three species or subspecies of nine families of pteriomorphs. Three species of our collection, belonging to the genera *Bentharca*, *Modiolus*, *Spondylus* respectively, remain to be identified, and they are still under study. The classification scheme was based on that of Higo and Goto (1993). All the specimens are deposited in the Department of Biology, Sung Kyun Kwan University, Korea. The collectors were indicated in the "Material examined" section in case the specimens were collected by other than the first author. The species name preceded by an asterisk in the following are new record to Korean fauna.

*The present study was supported by the Basic Science Research Institute Program, Ministry of Education, 1991.

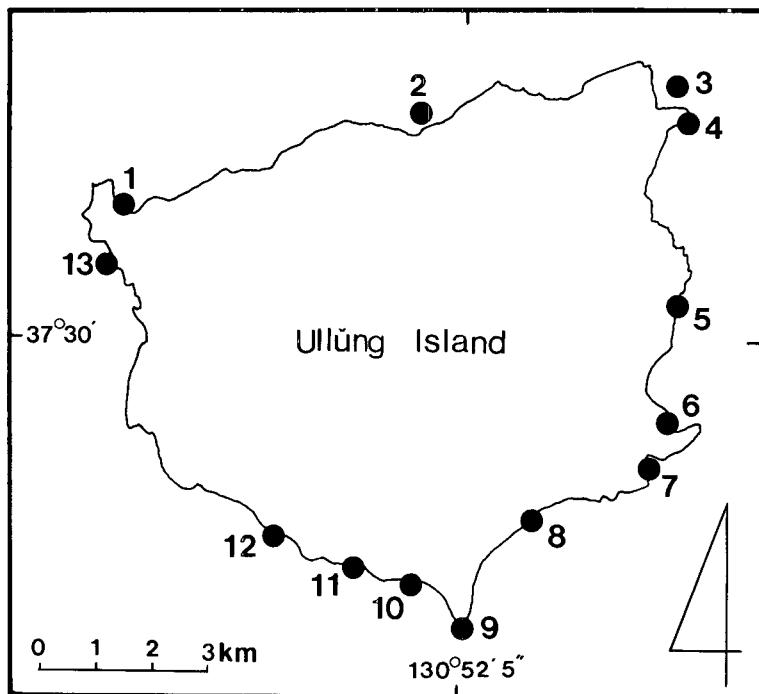


Fig. 1. Map of Ullüng Island showing collecting localities. 1, Taep'ungch'wi; 2, Hyölam; 3, Kwanümdo; 4, Sömmok; 5, Naesujön; 6, Chö-dong; 7, To-dong; 8, Sa-dong; 9, Kadubong; 10, T'onggumi; 11, Namyang; 12, Kuam; 13, T'aeha.

Class Bivalvia 이매폐강

Subclass Pteriomorphia Beurlen, 1944 익형아강

Order Arcoida Stoliczka, 1871 돌조개목

Superfamily Arcoidea Lamarck, 1809 돌조개상과

Family Arcidae Lamarck, 1809 돌조개과

Genus *Arca* Linnaeus, 1758 돌조개속

1. *Arca boucardi* Jousseaume, 1894 긴네모돌조개

Arca boucardi Jousseaume, 1894, p.41 (cited from Habe, 1981); Lee, 1956, p. 88; Kuroda *et al.*, 1971, p. 518 (in Japanese), p. 326 (in English), pl. 67, figs. 10-12; Kang *et al.*, 1971, p. 71; Kira, 1975, p. 122, pl. 43, fig. 15; Habe, 1977, p. 29; Habe, 1981, p. 31; Okada, 1981, p. 222; Inaba, 1982, p. 34; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 71, 213; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 108, pl. 35, figs. 5-7; Kira, 1992, p. 110, pl. 42, figs. 15a, b; Bernard *et al.*, 1993, p. 21; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 548; Kwon *et al.*, 1993, pp. 96, 338, 339, figs. 64-5-1, 2.

Arca kobeltiana Pilsbry, 1904, p. 559, pl. 40, figs. 14-19 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Arca rectangularis Tokunaga, 1906, p. 61, pl. 3, figs. 23a-c (cited from Habe, 1981).

Navicula boucardi: Kuroda, 1930a, p. 23, fig. 32; Shiba, 1934, p. 9.

Arca bonchardi (sic): Yoo, 1988, p. 109, pl. 22, figs. 4, 5.

Arca bouchardi (sic): Kim & Kwon, 1982, p. 197.

Type locality. Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 8 inds. (1 ind., right valve), T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989; 14 inds., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 10 inds. (1 ind., left valve), Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991; 3 inds., To-dong, 28 Nov. 1991; 11 inds., T'onggumi, 28 Nov. 1991; 10 inds. (1 ind., shells only), Chō-dong, 29 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Kwanūmdo, 29 Nov. 1991; 9 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 3 inds., T'aeha, 10 Aug. 1992; 13 inds., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Hamnam, Anmyōndo, Wando, Chōnnam, Pusan, Taehüksando, Chumunjin, Taech'ön in Korea; Amadaiba-Kannontsukadashi-Maruyamadashi, Shuragane, Wakayama Prefecture, Jogashima, Shikoku, Hokkaido to Kyushu in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas, Hainan, in China; Taiwan; Maritime Prov. in Russian Repub.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 50 m deep.

2. *Arca avellana* Lamarck, 1819 돌조개

Arca avellana Lamarck, 1819, p. 38 (cited from Habe, 1981); Habe, 1977, p. 29; Habe, 1981, p. 31; Inaba, 1982, p. 34; Matsukuma, 1984, p. 4, pl. 1, fig. 4; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 21; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 548.

Arca ocellata Reeve, 1844, sp. 102; Kamita & Sato, 1941, p. 2; Lee, 1956, p. 88; Kang et al., 1971, p. 71; Kuroda et al., 1971, pp. 518, 519 (in Japanese), pp. 326, 327 (in English), pl. 67, fig. 9].

Arca kraussii: Lischke, 1871, p. 141; Lischke, 1874, p. 107.

Arca acuminata subnormalis Pilsbry, 1895, p. 148 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Arca bicarinata Sowerby, 1901, p. 211, pl. 22, fig. 14 (non Reeve, 1844; cited from Habe, 1981).

Navicula avellana: Kuroda, 1930a, p. 23.

Navicula ocellata: Kuroda, 1930a, p. 23.

Navicula arabica: Kuroda, 1930a, p. 22.

Arca arabica: Lee, 1956, p. 88; Kang et al., 1971, p. 71; Kira, 1975, p. 121, pl. 43, fig. 7; Okada, 1981, p. 222; Kim & Kim, 1984, p. 196; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 321; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 71, 260; Kira, 1992, p. 109, pl. 42, fig. 7.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 1 ind., Sömmok, 16 Jun. 1989; 1 ind., Chō-dong, 29 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Ch'ujado, Taesambudo, Sangbaekdo, Inch'ön in Korea; Honshu to Kyushu, Wakayama Prefecture, Sagami Bay, Shikoku, Seto Inland Sea, Oga Penin. in Japan; Widely distributed in the Indo-Western Pacific.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 80 m deep.

Genus *Barbatia* Gray, 1842 방주조개속(신칭)

3. *Barbatia (Ustularca) stearnsi* (Pilsbry, 1859) 꼬마돌조개(신칭)

Arca stearnsi Pilsbry, 1895, p. 148, pl. 3, figs. 8-10 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Barbatia (Ustularca) stearnsi: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 522 (in Japanese), p. 329 (in English), pl. 67, figs. 19, 20; Habe, 1975, p. 164, pl. 49, fig. 16; Habe, 1977, p. 31; Habe, 1981 p. 32; Inaba, 1982, p. 34; Habe, 1982, p. 111, pl. 49, fig. 16.

Barbatia (Ustularca) stearnsii (sic): Matsukuma, 1984, p. 5; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Higo &

Goto, 1993, p. 549.

Barbatia stearnsi: Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 72, 248; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 21.

Type locality. Nemoto, Boso Penin., Honshu in Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind. (shells only), Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989.

Distribution. Ullüng Is., Ch'ujado in Korea; Seto Inland Sea, Amami, Honshu to Kyushu, Wakayama Prefecture, Kamekisho, Najima, Jogashima, Sagami Bay, Shikoku, Boso Penin., Oga Penin. in Japan; Southern China Sea in China; Taiwan; Southeast Asia; Majuro in Western Pacific.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 85 m deep.

Genus *Acar* Gray, 1857 바늘돌조개속(신칭)

4. *Acar plicatum* Dillwyn, 1817 주름돌조개

Acar plicatum Dillwyn, 1817, p. 227 (cited from Habe, 1981); Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 523 (in Japanese), p. 330 (in English), pl. 67, fig. 17; Kira, 1975, p. 121, pl. 43, fig. 6; Habe, 1981, p. 33; Okada, 1981, p. 223; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 70, 212; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 550.

Barbatia (Acar) reticulata: Kuroda, 1930a, p. 25, fig. 34.

Acar plicat (sic): Lee, 1956, p. 88.

Arca plicata: (sic) Kang et al., 1971, p. 71.

Acar plicata: Habe, 1977, p. 32, pl. 5, figs. 13, 14; Matsukuma, 1984, p. 4, pl. 1, fig. 5; Kira, 1992, p. 109, pl. 42, fig. 6; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 22.

Type locality. Red Sea.

Material examined. 1 ind., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Chejudo in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Honshu to Kyushu, Amadaiba-Kannontsukadashi-Maruyamadashi, Noto Penin., Shikoku in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Sea in China; Philippines; Widely distributed in the Indo-Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks and gravels; from intertidal zone to 300 m deep.

Genus *Arcopsis* Koenen, 1885 대복털조개속(신칭)

5. *Arcopsis symmetrica* (Reeve, 1844) 흑인대복털조개

Arca symmetrica Reeve, 1844, sp. 117 (non fig. 117).

Striarca (Galactella) oyamai Habe, 1953, p. 209, pl. 30, figs. 20, 21; Kira, 1992, p. 109, pl. 42, fig. 5.

Striarca (Galactella) symmetrica: Lee, 1956, p. 88; Kang et al., 1971, p. 71; Kira, 1975, p. 121, pl. 43, fig. 5; Okada, 1981, p. 226; Habe, 1982, p. 110, pl. 49, fig. 1; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 95, 338, figs. 64-2-1, 2.

Arcopsis symmetrica: Habe, 1977, p. 41, pl. 7, figs. 11, 12; Habe, 1981, p. 37; Inaba, 1982, p. 35; Matsukuma, 1984, p. 6, pl. 1, fig. 1; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 70, 273; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 553.

Striarca symmetrica: Bernard et al., 1993, p. 26.

Type locality. Manila Bay in Philippines.

Material examined. 1 ind., Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Kwanümdo, 29 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., T'ongyöng, Taehüksando, Kōmundo, Ch'ujado, Inch'ön in Korea;

Wakayama Prefecture, Seto Inland Sea, Honshu to Kyushu in Japan; Bohai Sea, Southern and Eastern China Seas, Yellow Sea in China; Taiwan; Singapore; Philippines; Australia; Hong Kong; Widely distributed in the Tropic Indo-Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks, sands, gravels, and mud; from intertidal zone to 50 m deep.

Family Parallelodontidae Dall, 1898 왕복털조개과(신칭)

Genus *Porterius* Clark, 1925 납작복털조개속(신칭)

6. *Porterius dalli* (Smith, 1885) 왕복털조개

Arca (Macrodon) dalli Smith, 1885, p. 269, pl. 17, figs. 10-10a, b.

Parallelodon obliquatus Yokoyama, 1920, p. 170, pl. 18, figs 9-11 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Cucullaria orientalis Yokoyama, 1922, p. 191, pl. 17, figs. 8, 9 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Cucullaria dalli obliquata: Kuroda, 1930b, p. 27, figs. 41, 42; Shiba, 1934, p. 9.

Pseudogrammatoden (sic) *dalli*: Lee, 1956, p. 88; Kang et al., 1971, p. 71.

Porterius dalli: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 526 (in Japanese), p. 332 (in English), pl. 117, fig. 12]; Habe, 1977, p. 43, pl. 5, fig. 22; Habe, 1981, p. 39; Inaba, 1982, p. 36; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 72, 218; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 108, pl. 35, figs. 3, 4; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 27; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 554; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 95, 338, fig. 64-4.

Pseudogrammatodon dalli: Kira, 1975, p. 122, pl. 43, fig. 10; Okada, 1981, p. 224; Yoo, 1988, p. 109, pl. 22, fig. 3; Kira, 1992, p. 109, pl. 42, fig. 10.

Type locality. Off Kobe in Japan.

Material examined. 3 inds. (1 ind., right valve), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 5 inds. (1 ind., shells only), T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989; 6 inds. (3 inds., empty), Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 4 inds., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 6 inds. (1 ind., right valve), T'onggumi, 26 Nov. 1991; 4 inds., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991; 9 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 6 inds., T'onggumi, 8 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., T'aeha, 10 Aug. 1992; 2 inds., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. "Ullung Isl., Ch'ujado, Chumunjin in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Honshu to Southern Hokkaido, Shikoku, Kyushu, Oga Penin., Jogashima, Kamekisho, Kii, Amadaiba-Kannontsukadashi-Maruyamadashi, Seto Inland Sea in Japan; Yellow Sea in China; Bering Sea.

Habitat. Rocks, stones, sands, and mud; from lower tide marks to 300 m deep

Family Glycymerididae Newton, 1922 밤색무늬조개과

Genus *Glycymeris* Da Costa, 1778 밤색무늬조개속(신칭)

7. *Glycymeris (Glycymeris) aspersa* (A. Adams & Reeve, 1848) 밤색무늬조개

Pectunculus aspersus A. Adams & Reeve, 1848, p. 76, pl. 22, fig. 8.

Pectunculus vestitus Dunker, 1877, p. 72; Dunker, 1882, p. 236, pl. 16, figs. 7, 8.

Pectunculus fulguratus Dunker, 1877, p. 72; Dunker, 1882, p. 236, pl. 14, figs. 18, 19.

Glycymeris vestita: Lee, 1956, p. 88; Kang et al., 1971, p. 71; Kira, 1975, p. 126, pl. 45, fig. 11; Habe, 1981, p. 40; Inaba, 1982, p. 36; Yoo, 1988, p. 115, pl. 24, figs. 3, 4; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 75, 230; Kira, 1992, p. 113, pl. 44, fig. 11; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 98, 341, figs. 65-2, 1, 2.

Glycymeris (Glycymeris) vestita: Habe, 1977, p. 45.

Glycymeris (Veletuceta) vestita: Okada, 1981, p. 227.

Glycymeris (Veletuceta) fulgurata: Kira, 1992, p. 113, pl. 44, fig. 9.

Glycymeris (Glycymeris) aspersa: Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 555.

Glycymeris aspersa: Bernard et al., 1993, p. 28.

Type locality. Sooloo Archipelago in Philippines.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 3 inds., T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989.

Distribution. Ullung Isl., Chumunjin in Korea; Seto Inland Sea, Wakayama Prefecture, Honshu to Kyushu, Hokkaido, Oga Penin. in Japan; Southern China Sea in China; Philippines.

Habitat. Sands and mud; from 5 m to 200 m deep.

Order Mytiloida Féruccac, 1822 홍합목

Superfamily Mytiloidea Rafinesque, 1815 홍합상과

Family Mytilidae Rafinesque, 1815 홍합과

Genus *Mytilus* Linnaeus, 1758 홍합속(신칭)

8. *Mytilus edulis* Linnaeus, 1758 진주담치

Mytilus edulis Linnaeus, 1758, p. 705 (cited from Habe, 1981); Reeve, 1858, sp. 33; Lee, 1956, p. 89; Kang et al., 1971, p. 72; Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 542 (in Japanese), p. 343 (in English), pl. 72, figs. 1, 2; Kira, 1975, p. 129, pl. 46, fig. 19; Habe, 1977, p. 51, pl. 10, figs. 8, 9; Habe, 1981, p. 44; Okada, 1981, p. 232; Inaba, 1982, p. 37; Kim et al., 1983, p. 88; Kim & Kim, 1984, p. 197; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Kim & Shin, 1986, p. 34; Kim & Yoon, 1985, p. 38; Yoo, 1988, p. 113, pl. 23, figs. 9, 10; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 78, 273; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 111, pl. 36, fig. 3; Kira, 1992, p. 116, pl. 45, figs. 19; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 30; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 558; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 100, 343, 344, figs. 66-6-1, 2, 3.

Mytilus galloprovincialis Lamarck, 1819, p. 126 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Mytilus (Mytilus) edulis: Kuroda, 1932c, p. 126, fig. 137.

Type locality. Europe.

Material examined. 1 ind., Naesujön, 13 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991; 2 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 3 inds., T'onggumi, 8 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullung Isl., Ch'ujado, Aninjin, Sangbaekdo, Hujin, Tolsando, Pusan, Masan, Pijin, Muan in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Sajima, Hayama, Kamekisho-Ohne, Nagaoka, Southern Hokkaido, Seto Inland Sea, Honshu, Shikoku in Japan; Hong Kong; Kuriles in Russian Repub.; Australia.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 30 m deep

9. *Mytilus coruscus* Gould, 1861 홍합

Mytilus coruscus Gould, 1861, p. 38 (cited from Habe, 1981); Kang et al., 1971, p. 72; Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 542 (in Japanese), p. 343 (in English), pl. 72, figs. 3, 4; Kim & Rho, 1971, p. 6; Habe, 1977, p. 51; Habe, 1981, p. 44; Okada, 1981, p. 232; Inaba, 1982, p. 37; Kim & Kwon, 1982, p. 197; Lee et al., 1985, p. 97; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Yoo, 1988, pp. 113, 114, pl. 23, figs. 15, 16; Okutani & Habe, 1990, p. 78, 176; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 112, pl. 36, fig. 4; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 30; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 558; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 100, 344, figs.

66-7-1, 2, 3.

Mytilus crassitesta Lischke, 1868, p. 221; Lischke, 1869, p. 151, pl. 11, figs. 1, 2; Dunker, 1882, p. 221; Shiba, 1934, p. 12; Lee, 1956, p. 89.

Mytilus dunkeri Lischke, 1869, p. 153, pl. 10, figs. 7, 8.

Mytilus (Mytilus) crassitesta: Kuroda, 1932c, p. 128, fig. 138.

Mytilus corsucus (sic): Kim, 1973, p. 430.

Mytilus corsucus (sic): Kira, 1975, p. 129, pl. 46, fig. 20.

Mytilus coruscum: Kira, 1992, p. 116, pl. 45, fig. 20.

Type locality. Hakodate, the Southernmost of Hokkaido in Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind., T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 3 inds., Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 8 inds. (2 inds., shells only), T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 2 inds., To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991; 14 inds. (4 inds., shells only), T'onggumi, 28 Nov. 1991; 4 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 3 inds., T'onggumi, 8 Aug. 1992; 5 inds., Namyang, 8 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Chejudo (Sögwip'o, Söngsanp'o, Mosülp'o), Paengnyöngdo, Yösü, Wando, Pangöjin, Chumunjin, Ch'ujado, T'ongyöng, Kömundo, Taehüksando in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Southern Hokkaido to Kyushu, Honshu, Jogashima, Seto Inland Sea, Shikoku, Oga Penin., Hayama in Japan; Eastern China Sea in China; Alaska in America; Kamchatka, Maritime Prov. in Russian Repub.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 30 m deep.

Genus *Septifer* Récluz, 1848 격판담치속(신칭)

10. *Septifer (Septifer) bilocularis* (Linnaeus, 1758) 두눈격판담치

Mytilus bilocularis Linnaeus, 1758, p. 1705 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Mytilus pilosus Reeve, 1858, p. 35.

Septifer bilocularis: Lischke, 1869, p. 156; Lischke, 1871, p. 147; Lee, 1956, p. 89; Kang et al., 1971, p. 72; Habe & Kosuge, 1979, p. 130, pl. 48, figs. 5, 6; Okada, 1981, p. 231; Matsukuma, 1984, p. 7, pl. 1, fig. 16; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 77, 204; Kira, 1992, p. 115, pl. 45, fig. 10; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 31.

Septifer (Septifer) bilocularis pilosus: Kuroda, 1932c, p. 124; Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 543 (in Japanese), pp. 343, 344 (in English), pl. 74, figs. 19, 20.

Septifer bilocularis pilosus: Kira, 1975, p. 128, pl. 46, fig. 9; Kira, 1982, p. 115, pl. 45, fig. 9.

Septifer (Septifer) bilocularis: Habe, 1977, p. 53, pl. 11, figs. 11, 12; Habe, 1981, p. 44; Inaba, 1982, p. 37; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 559.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 1 ind., Chö-dong, 29 Nov. 1991 (Scuba); 1 ind., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992 (Scuba).

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., T'ongyöng in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Sagami Bay, Boso Penin., Noto Penin., Shikoku, Amami, Okinawa, Nagasaki, Honshu to Kyushu, Ryukyu to Honshu in Japan; Southern China Sea in China; Taiwan; Philippines; Australia; Red Sea; Widely distributed in the Indo-Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks; intertidal zone.

11. *Septifer (Mytilisepta) virgatus* (Wiegmann, 1837) 굽은줄격판담치

Tichogonia virgatus Wiegmann, 1837, p. 49 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Septifer crassus Dunker, 1853, p. 86 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Mytilus crassus: Reeve, 1857, sp. 25.

Septifer virgatus: Dunker, 1882, p. 227; Lischke, 1869, p. 155; Kuroda, 1932c, p. 124; Shiba, 1934, p. 12; Kim et al., 1983, p. 88; Lee et al., 1984, p. 123; Kim & Kim, 1984, p. 197; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 77, 274; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 31.

Septifer (Mytilisepta) virgatus: Lee, 1956, p. 89; Kang et al., 1971, p. 72; Kuroda et al., 1971, pp. 543, 544 (in Japanese), p. 344 (in English), pl. 74, figs. 14, 15; Kira, 1975, p. 127, pl. 46, fig. 8; Habe, 1977, p. 53, pl. 11, figs. 5, 6; Habe, 1981, p. 45; Okada, 1981, p. 231; Inaba, 1982, p. 37; Kim & Kwon, 1982, p. 197; Kim & Kwon, 1983, p. 323; Yoo, 1988, p. 112, pl. 23, figs. 6, 7; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 116, pl. 37, figs. 15-17; Kira, 1992, p. 115, pl. 45, fig. 8; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 559; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 99, 343, figs. 66-4-1, 2.

Septifer (Mytilisepta) vigatus (sic): Kim & Shin, 1986, p. 34.

Type locality. Indian Ocean.

Material examined. 6 inds., Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989 (Scuba); 1 ind., Chō-dong, 29 Nov. 1991 (Scuba); 1 ind., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992 (Scuba); 1 ind., T'onggumi, 13 Jan. 1993 (Scuba).

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Hamnam, Kangwön, Pusan, Ch'ujado, Chumunjin, Tolsando, Aninjin, Kijang, Wando, Taesambudo, Sangbaekdo, Kōmundo, Yokchi, T'ongyöng, Taehüksando, Wölsöng in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Okinawa, Seto Inland Sea, Southern Hokkaido to Ryukyu, Shikoku, Honshu in Japan; Eastern China Sea in China; Taiwan; Hong Kong; Australia; Widely distributed Indo-Pacific Region.

Habitat. Forming a gregarious mass on rocks; tidal zone.

Genus *Modiolus* Lamarck, 1799 뿔담치속(신칭)

12. *Modiolus (Modiolus) modiolus difficilis* (Kuroda & Habe, 1950) 털담치

Vosella difficilis Kuroda & Habe, 1950, p. 30; Lee, 1956, p. 89.

Modiolus (Modiolus) modiolus difficilis: Habe, 1977, p. 54, pl. 10, figs. 6, 7; Lee et al., 1985, p. 97; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 559.

Modiolus difficilis: Kang et al., 1971, p. 72; Kira, 1975, p. 129, pl. 46, fig. 21; Kim et al., 1983, p. 89; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Kira, 1992, p. 116, pl. 45, fig. 21.

Modiolus modiolus difficilis: Okada, 1981, p. 229; Kim & Kwon, 1983, p. 323; Kim & Shin, 1986, p. 34; Yoo, 1988, p. 113, pl. 23, figs. 11, 12; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 76, 185; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 101, 345, figs. 66-10-1, 2.

Type locality. Northern Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 3 inds., Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 15 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1992; 5 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 3 inds., T'onggumi, 8 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., T'aeha, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Kōmundo, Ch'ujado, Aninjin, Anmyöndo, Wando, Tolsando, Chumunjin, Togdo in Korea; Tokyo Bay, Oga Penin., Hokkaido, Northern Honshu in Japan; Kuriles, Maritime Prov., Ohotsk in Russian Repub.

Habitat. Rocks and mud; low tide marks.

13. *Modiolus (Modiolus) auriculatus* (Krauss, 1848) 깃털담치

Modiola auriculata Krauss, 1848, p. 20, pl. 2, fig. 4 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Volsella (Volsella) barbata: Kuroda, 1932c, p. 131.

Volsella (Volsella) auriculata: Kuroda, 1932c, p. 133.

Modiolus plumescens: Kang et al., 1971, p. 72.

Modiolus (Modiolus) auriculatus: Habe, 1977, p. 54; Habe, 1981, p. 45; Inaba, 1982, p. 37; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 559.

Modiolus auriculatus: Matsukuma, 1984, p. 7, pl. 1, fig. 15; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 31.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 5 inds. (3 inds., shells only), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Korea; Kyushu, Shikoku, Amami, Okinawa, Honshu, Boso Penin., Wakayama Prefecture in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas; Taiwan; Red Sea; Indo-Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks and mud; from tidal marks to 25 m deep.

*14. *Modiolus (Modiolus) comptus* Sowerby, 1915 수염담치(신칭)[Plate-Figs. 1, 2]

Modiola compta Sowerby, 1915, p. 168, pl. 10, fig. 10 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Modiolus comptus: Habe, 1975, p. 167, pl. 50, fig. 17; Habe, 1982, p. 113, pl. 50, fig. 17; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 76, 257, 258; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 32.

Modiolus (Modiolus) comptus: Habe, 1977, p. 54; Habe, 1981, p. 46; Inaba, 1982, p. 38; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 559.

Type locality. Shikoku in Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind., Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989 (Y.J. Kim).

Description. Length 4.7 mm, height 5.4 mm, breadth 4.7 mm. Shell small for family, inflated ovate, thin, not solid and corneous; anterior part narrowly rounded, posterior one extremely turgid. Outer surface whitish yellow in middle part, brown in dorsal and ventral parts; surface sculpture consists of numerous fine concentric radial lines beneath thick brown periostracum. Inner surface nacreous, dyed in white and purplish red. Umbo white, situated at nearly anterior terminal, curved anteriorly. Teeth absent; ligamental area long, narrow and deep.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Seto Inland Sea, Ariake Bay, Honshu to Kyushu in Japan; Yellow Sea, Southern and Eastern China Seas, Hainan.

Habitat. Sands and mud; from lower tide marks to 20 m deep

Genus *Gregariella* Monterosato, 1883 예쁜이담치속(신칭)

*15. *Gregariella coralliophaga* (Gmelin, 1791) 산호예쁜이담치(신칭)[Plate-Figs. 3, 4]

Mytilus coralliophagus Gmelin, 1791, p. 3359 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Modiolaria divaricata: Dunker, 1882, p. 225; Lischke, 1871, p. 148.

Gregariella coralliophaga: Habe, 1977, p. 56, pl. 11, fig. 13; Habe, 1981, p. 48; Inaba, 1982,

p. 38; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 77, 232; Bernard *et al.*, 1993, p. 34; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 561.

Botulina coralliophaga: Okada, 1981, p. 232; Habe, 1982, p. 113, pl. 50, fig. 15.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind. (shells only), Naesujön, 13 Jul. 1989; 1 ind. shells only), Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989.

Description. Length 12.9 mm, height 7.2 mm, and breadth 6.4 mm. Shell small, trigonal ovate, fairly convex, thin and weak; anterior part round; posterior one acuminate and sharply angled. Outer surface yellowish brown, ornamented with weak radial lines and strong growth ones; radial lines strong especially on anterior and posterior parts. Inner surface milky white, nacreous, surrounded by prominent fine knobs along margin. Umbo placed extremely on anterior end, elevated, gently rounded. Teeth absent; ligamental area long, and narrow.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Oga Penin., Okinawa to Honshu, Boso Penin., Sagami Bay, Noto Penin., Shikoku, Hainan, Seto Inland Sea, Kyushu, Amami, Okinawa in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas, Yellow Sea in China; Taiwan; Widely distributed in the Indo-Pacific Region; Western Pacific.

Habitat. Boring coral and limestone; from intertidal zone to 20 m deep.

Genus *Musculus* Röding, 1798 계란담치속(신칭)

*16. ***Musculus (Musculus) laevigatus (Gray, 1824)*** 치마담치(신칭)[Plate-Fig. 7]

Musculus (Musculus) laevigatus: Habe, 1977, p. 59, pl. 11, figs. 3, 4; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 562.

Musculus laevigatus: Kira, 1975, p. 127, pl. 46, fig. 7; Okada, 1981, p. 230; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 115, pl. 37, fig. 11; Kira, 1992, p. 114, pl. 45, fig. 7.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991.

Description. Length 8.3 mm, height 6.0 mm, and breadth 5.1 mm. Shell small, trigonal oval, rather inflated, fairly thin, and weak; anterior margin extremely short; posterior one somewhat long; ventral margin straight with weakly indented middle part; margin of shell sculptured by many sawtooth waves. Outer surface pale yellowish brown, anterior and posterior parts with numerous filamentary radial lines except smooth middle part. Inner surface weakly lustrous and nacreous. Umbo placed at anterior end.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Hokkaido, Honshu in Japan; Bering Sea, Kurile, Ohotsk, Maritime Prov., Kamtsaka in Russian Repub.; Alaska in America; Arctic Ocean.

Habitat. Mud; from 10m to 500 m deep.

Remarks. This species bears many resemblances to *Musculus (Modiolarca) cupreus*. But this species has larger size and the shells are more shifted toward the posterior end and less inflated than those of *Musculus (Modiolarca) cupreus*. The sculpture on the anterior and posterior parts of shell of the present species is not so strong as that of *Musculus (Modiolarca) cupreus*.

17. ***Musculus (Modiolarca) cupreus (Gould, 1861)*** 작은계란담치(신칭)

Modiolarca cuprea Gould, 1861, p. 37 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Modiolaria quadrula Gould, 1861, p. 38 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Musculus nanus: Kuroda, 1933a, p. 137.

Musculus neglectus Kuroda, 1941, p. 196 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Musculus (Modiolaria) neglectus: Lee, 1958, p. 21, pl. 6, fig. 3 (non fig. 4).

Musculus (Reynella) cupreus: Kira, 1975, p. 127, pl. 46, fig. 6; Kira, 1992, p. 114, pl. 45, fig. 6.

Musculus (Modiolarca) cupreus: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 552 (in Japanese), p. 350 (in English), pl. 73, figs. 4, 5; Habe, 1977, p. 59, pl. 11, fig. 14; Habe, 1981, p. 49; Inaba, 1982, p. 39; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 562.

Musculus cupreus: Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 77, 230; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 35.

Type locality. Kagoshima, Kyushu in Japan.

Material examined. 6 inds. (3 inds., shells only), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 2 inds. (1 ind., shells only), Naesujön, 13 Jul. 1989; 2 inds. (1 ind., shells only), Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 2 inds. (1 ind., shells only), Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 3 inds. (shells only), Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 1 ind. (shells only), To-dong, 27 Jul. 1991; 2 inds. (1 ind., shells only), T'onggumi, 28 Jul. 1991; 6 inds. (3 inds., shells only), Kadubong, 28 Jul. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Jogashima, Kamekisho, Sadoshima, Japan Sea, Amami, Okinawa, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Shuragane, Najima, Hokkaido, Amadaiba-Kannontukadashi, Kamekisho-Mosaki in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas in China; Taiwan.

Habitat. Gravels, mud, rocks, large shells, and among ascidians; from intertidal zone to 100 m deep.

Genus *Lithophaga* Röding, 1798 몽당돌맛조개 속(신칭)

18. *Lithophaga (Leiosolenus) curtus* (Lischke, 1874) 애기돌맛조개

Lithophagus curtus Lischke, 1874, p. 111, pl. 9, figs. 14-17.

Lithophaga curta: Dunker, 1882, p. 226; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 79, 177; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 36.

Lithophaga (Diberus) curta: Kuroda, 1933b, p. 144, fig. 159.

Lithophaga (Leiosolenus) curta: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 554 (in Japanese), p. 352 (in English), pl. 74, figs. 12, 13; Kira, 1975, p. 128, pl. 46, fig. 11; Habe, 1977, p. 62, pl. 10, fig. 15; Okada, 1981, p. 233; Inaba, 1982, p. 39; Kim & Kim, 1984, p. 197; Yoo, 1988, p. 112, pl. 23, figs. 1, 2; Kira, 1992, p. 115, pl. 45, fig. 11; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 99, 342, figs. 66-1, 2, 3.

Lithophaga (Leiosolenus) curtus: Habe, 1981, p. 53; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 564.

Type locality. Tokyo Bay in Japan.

Material examined. 15 inds., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 3 inds., T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 10 inds., Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 11 inds., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 6 inds., Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991; 11 inds., T'onggumi, 28 Nov. 1991; 3 inds., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991; 5 inds., Chö-dong, 29 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 28 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991; 5 inds., Chö-dong, 29 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Kwanümido, 29 Nov. 1991; 9 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 2 inds., T'onggumi, 9 Aug. 1992; 4 inds., T'aeha, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Kasagone, Shikoku, Kyushu, Okinawa,

Mutsu Bay, Oga Penin., Seto Inland Sea, Honshu to Ryukyu, Okasawara in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas in China; Taiwan; Western Pacific.

Habitat. Boring in the hard sand, stone and even the shells of such big bivalves as *Chama*; from intertidal zone to 20 m deep.

Order Pterioida Newell, 1965 익각목

Suborder Pteriina Newell, 1965 익각아목(신칭)

Superfamily Pectinoidea Rafinesque, 1815 가리비상과

Family Propeamussiidae Abbott, 1954 가리비과

Genus *Chlamys*, Röding, 1798 큰집가리비속(신칭)

19. *Chlamys (Coralichlamys) irregularis* (Sowerby, 1842) 짹구비단가리비

Pecten irregularis Sowerby, 1842, p. 69, pl. 13, figs. 51, 52 (cited from Habe, 1981); Reeve, 1852, p. 19; Lischke, 1869, p. 170; Lischke, 1871, p. 158; Dunker, 1882, p. 240, pl. 11, figs. 2, 15.

Chlamys irregularis: Kuroda, 1932a, p. 90; Kira, 1975, p. 139, pl. 50, fig. 3; Okada, 1981, p. 238; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 90, 241; Kira, 1992, p. 123, pl. 49, fig. 3; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 48; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 108, 350, figs. 70-7-1, 2, 3.

Chlamys (Chlamys) irregularis: Kuroda et al., 1971, pp. 569, 570 (in Japanese), p. 362 (in English), pl. 118, fig. 1.

Chlamys (Coralichlamys) irregularis: Habe, 1977, p. 81; Habe, 1981, p. 63; Inaba, 1982, p. 40; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 573.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 6 inds. (1 ind., left valve), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 2 inds., Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 1 ind. (right valve), T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Chö-dong, 29 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Kwanümdo, 29 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Seto Inland sea, Okinawa, Wakayama Prefecture, Kamekisho-Mosaki, Oga Penin., Shikoku, Kyushu, Honshu to Ryukyu in Japan; Southern China Sea, Hainan in China; Taiwan; Indonesia; Philippines; Australia; Indian Ocean; Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks, sands, mud, and gravels; from tide marks to 150 m deep.

*20. *Chlamys (Coralichlamys) jousseaumei* Bavay, 1904 구름무늬가리비(신칭)[Plate-figs. 5, 6]

Chlamys jousseaumei Bavay, 1904, p. 203, pl. 6, figs. 9, 10 (cited from Habe, 1981); Kira, 1975, p. 137, pl. 49, fig. 8; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 90, 243; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 117, pl. 38, fig. 8; Kira, 1992, p. 121, pl. 48, fig. 8.

Chlamys (Chlamys) jousseaumei: Kuroda et al., 1971, pp. 570, 571 (in Japanese), p. 363 (in English), pl. 79, figs. 14, 15.

Chlamys (Coralichlamys) jousseaumei: Habe, 1977, p. 81; Habe, 1981, p. 64; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 573.

Chlamys jousseaumei: Bernard et al., 1993, p. 48.

Type locality. Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind. (right valve), Sömmok, 16 Jul. 1989; 1

ind., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind. (left valve), T'onggumi, 26 Nov. 1991.

Description. Length 12.5 mm, height 8.4 mm and breadth 2.4 mm. Shell medium in size, thin and weak; nearly orbicular in shape and a little higher than width, slightly inflated and equivalved except for ears. Outer surface bearing reddish brown blots in light brown background, sculptured with about 35 radial lines and serrated throughout; anterior ear of right valve even larger than posterior one, having very deep byssal sinus bearing 5 teeth-like granules on base, distinctly reticulated with about 20 radial lines and 10 strong growth lines stretching toward margin; byssal sinus of anterior ear of left valve absent, radial and growth lines of posterior ear indistinct and appeared only as many tubercles. Smooth inner surface light reddish and milky; ventral margin rounded, but sculptured sawtooth-like along whole margin. Umbo very sharply prominent and placed at middle of shell anteriorly; resilium lying on inner side of umbo situated at center of ventral ligament.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Boso Penin., Honshu to Kyushu, Jogashima, Oga Penin., Shikoku, Higashi-Ohne, Kamekisho, Minami-Amadaiba, Hokkaido in Japan; Southern China Sea in China; Indonesia.

Habitat. Fine sands; from 50 to 600 m deep.

21. *Chlamys (Azumapecten) farreri farreri* (Jones & Preston, 1904) 파래가리비

Pecten farreri Jones & Preston, 1904, p. 149 (cited from Kuroda et al., 1971).

Chlamys (Chlamys) farreri Shiba, 1934, p. 11.

Chlamys farreri: Lee, 1956, p. 90; Kang et al., 1971, p. 73; Okada, 1981, p. 238; Kim & Kwon, 1983, p. 323; Kim & Shin, 1986, p. 35; Yoo, 1988, p. 118, pl. 25, figs. 4-7.

Chlamys (Azumapecten) farreri farreri: Habe, 1977, p. 82; Lee et al., 1985, p. 97; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 574.

Chlamys (Azumapecten) farreri: Habe, 1981, p. 65; Inaba, 1982, p. 41.

Chlamys farreri farreri: Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 92, 173; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 106, 349, figs. 70-3-1, 2, 3, 4.

Type locality. Shantung Penin. in China.

Material examined. 1 ind., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Chö-dong, 29 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Køjedo, Namhae, T'ongyöng, Anmyöndo, Tolsando, Chinhae, Chejudo, Eastern Sea, Hampyöng, Sokch'o, Kogunsangundo in Korea; Japan Sea, Kii Penin., Boso Penin., Seto Inland Sea, Wakayama Prefecture, Hokkaido, Kyushu in Japan; Eastern China Sea, Yellow Sea in China; Ohotsk, Maritime Prov. in Russian Repub.

Habitat. Sands, rocks; from intertidal zone to 70 m deep.

22. *Chlamys (Azumapecten) farreri nipponensis* Kuroda, 1932 비단가리비

Pecten laetus Gould, 1861 (non 1850), p. 39 (cited from Kuroda et al., 1971); Lischke, 1869, p. 169, pl. 12, figs. 6, 7; Lischke, 1871, p. 157.

Chlamys farreri nipponensis Kuroda, 1932a, p. 91; Kang et al., 1971, p. 73; Kim, 1973, p. 430; Kira, 1975, p. 140, pl. 50, fig. 11; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 92, 172; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 117, pl. 38, figs. 6, 7; Kira, 1992, p. 124, pl. 49, fig. 11.

Chlamys farreri akazara Kuroda, 1932a, p. 92, fig. 105.

Chlamys forreri (sic) *nipponensis*: Kamita & Sato, 1941, p. 2.

Chlamys nipponensis: Lee, 1956, p. 90.

Chlamys (Chlamys) farreri nipponensis: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 569 (in Japanese), p. 362 (in English), pl. 80, fig. 7.

Chlamys (Azumapecten) farreri nipponensis: Habe, 1977, p. 82; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 574.

Type locality. Hakodate, Hokkaido in Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 2 inds., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Paengnyöngdo, Chejudo, Eastern Sea, T'ongyöng, Yösü, Inch'ön, Pusan, Kojedo, Taehüksando, Chumunjin, Wando in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Hokkaido to Kyushu, Shuragane, Hayama, Jogashima, Kamekisho-Mosaki, Honshu, Shikoku in Japan; Northern China, Eastern China Sea in China; Maritime Prov. in Russian Repub.

Habitat. Rocks, gravels; from tidal marks to 60 m deep.

23. *Chlamys (Azumapecten) lemniscata* (Reeve, 1853) 비늘비단가리비(신칭)

Pecten lemniscata Reeve, 1853, sp. 170.

Chlamys (Chlamys) lemniscata: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 570 (in Japanese), p. 3639 (in English), pl. 80, figs. 1, 2.

Chlamys (Coralichlamys) lemniscata: Habe, 1977, p. 81; Habe, 1981, p. 63.

Chlamys lemniscata: Kira, 1975, p. 137, pl. 49, fig. 9; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 90, 283; Kira, 1992, p. 122, pl. 48, fig. 9; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 108, 350, figs. 70-6-1, 2.

Chlamys (Azumapecten) lemniscata: Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 574.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 1 ind. (right valve), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Chö-dong, 29 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Honshu to Kyushu, Jogashima, Amadaiba, Kamekisho, Sagami Bay, Shikoku, Hokkaido, Boso Penin. in Japan; Eastern China Sea in China; Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Sands and rocks; from 30 to 300 m deep.

Family Spondylidae Gray, 1826 국화조개과

Genus *Spondylus* Linnaeus, 1758 국화조개속(신칭)

*24. *Spondylus (Spondylus) varius* Sowerby, 1829 접시국화조개(신칭)[Plate-Fig. 8]

Spondylus varians: Sowerby, 1847, p. 426; Habe, 1977, p. 93; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 97, 270; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 56.

Spondylus (Spondylus) varius: Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 579.

Type locality. Polynesia.

Material examined. 1 ind., Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991.

Description. Length 62.7 mm, height 73.0 mm and breadth 36 mm. Shell large, ovate, depressed, inequable, thick and solid. Right valve strongly convex, having characteristic triangular face at umbo. Left valve smaller, a little flatter than right one. Inner surface milky white, surrounded by blackish brown band along wrinkled inner margin. Ligamental area straight; resilifer pits large, black, and situated between a pair of large hinge teeth. Muscle scar placed at center of right part in right valve. No byssus.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl. in Korea; Southern Amami, Okinawa in Japan; Southeast Asia.

Habitat. Rocks and dead corals; from intertidal zone to 20 m deep.

Remarks. Outer surface is sculptured with radial ribs and usually armed with spines or scales in normal specimen, but hardly to be seen in present specimen because surface is covered with carcareous materials.

25. *Spondylus (Spondylus) cruentus* Lischke, 1868 뜻난이국화조개(신칭)

Spondylus cruentus Lischke, 1868, p. 221; Lischke, 1869, p. 172, pl. 12, figs. 1-5; Dunker, 1882, p. 246; Shiba, 1934, p. 12; Lee, 1956, p. 91; Inaba, 1982, p. 41; Kira, 1992, p. 126, pl. 50, fig. 6.

Spondylus (Spondylus) barbatus cruentus: Habe, 1977, p. 93; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 580.

Spondylus barbatus cruentus: Kira, 1975, p. 142, pl. 51, fig. 6; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 96, 234; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 109, 352, figs. 72-1-1, 2.

Spondylus (Spondylus) cruentus: Habe, 1981, p. 71.

Type locality. Nagasaki in Japan.

Material examined. 1 ind. (left valve), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Naesuön, 7 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., Namyang, 9 Aug. 1992; 2 inds., T'aeja, 10 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Pusan, T'ongyöng, Yösü, Chumunjin in Korea; Boso Penin., Wakayama Prefecture, Honshu to Ryukyu Island, Oga Penin., Shikoku, Kyushu, Amami, Okinawa in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas in China; Taiwan; Hong Kong.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 50 m deep.

26. *Spondylus (Spondylus) butleri* Reeve, 1856 가시국화조개

Spondylus butleri Reeve, 1856, sp. 14; Habe, 1975, p. 174, pl. 53, fig. 16; Habe, 1977, p. 93; Habe, 1982, p. 118, pl. 53, fig. 16; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 97, 197; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 53; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 109, 352, figs. 72-2-1, 2.

Spondylus (Spondylus) butleri: Habe, 1981, p. 71; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 580.

Type locality. Unknown.

Material examined. 2 inds. (1 ind., left valve), Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Korea; Boso Penin., Okinawa, Wakayama pref., Honshu in Japan; Southern and Eastern China Seas in China; Taiwan; Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks; from intertidal zone to 30 m deep.

Superfamily Limoidea Rafinesque, 1815 외투조개상과

Family Limidae Rafinesque, 1815 외투조개과

Genus *Limaria* Link, 1807 얇은외투조개속(신칭)

27. *Limaria (Limaria) basilanica* (A. Adams & Reeve, 1848) 외투조개

Lima basilanica A. Adams & Reeve, 1848, p. 75, pl. 21, fig. 6.

Lima (Limaria) basilanica: Kuroda, 1932b, p. 114, fig. 131.

Promantellum orientalis: Lee, 1956, p. 91; Kang et al., 1971, p. 73.

Limaria (Limaria) basilanica orientalis: Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 587 (in Japanese), p. 375 (in

English), pl. 118, fig. 2; Lee *et al.*, 1985, p. 97.

Limaria (Limaria) basilanica: Habe, 1977, p. 103, pl. 19, figs. 10, 11; Inaba, 1982, p. 42; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 583.

Limaria basilanica: Habe, 1981, p. 78; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 98, 279; Bernard *et al.*, 1993, p. 43.

Mantellum orientale: Kira, 1992, p. 128, pl. 52, fig. 2; Okada, 1981, p. 244.

Type locality. Basilan Island in Philippines.

Material examined. 2 inds. (1 ind., right valve), Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Anmyöndo, Kadökdo in Korea; Okinawa, Wakayama, Boso Penin., Honshu to Ryukyu, Shikoku, Sadoshima, Amami, Okinawa, Hokkaido, Kamekisho-Mosaki, Kyushu in Japan; Southern China Sea in China; Taiwan; Philippines; Southeast Asia; Australia; Indo-Pacific Region.

Habitat. Stones; from tide marks to 20 m deep.

28. *Limaria (Limaria) orientalis* (A. Adams & Reeve, 1848) 가는줄개가리비

Lima orientalis A. Adams & Reeve, 1848, p. 75, pl. 21, fig. 7.

Limaria orientalis: Habe, 1981, p. 78.

Lima hakodatensis Tokunaga, 1906, p. 64, pl. 3, figs. 27a, b (cited from Kuroda *et al.*, 1971).

Lima angulata minor Grabau & King, 1928, p. 168, pl. 3, fig. 22 (cited from Kuroda *et al.*, 1971).

Limea (Promantellum) orientalis: Oyama, 1943, p. 29, pl. 2, figs. 4a, b (cited from Kuroda *et al.*, 1971).

Mantellum hakodatense: Habe, 1975, p. 175, pl. 54, fig. 7.

Limaria (Limaria) hakodatensis: Kuroda *et al.*, 1971, pp. 586, 587 (in Japanese), p. 375 (in English), pl. 83, fig. 13; Habe, 1977, p. 103; Inaba, 1982, p. 42.

Limaria hakodatense: Habe, 1982, p. 119, pl. 54, fig. 7; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 119, pl. 38, fig. 15.

Limaria hakodatensis: Kira, 1975, p. 145, pl. 53, fig. 2; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 98, 258; Kwon *et al.*, 1993, pp. 109, 353, figs. 73-2-1, 2.

Limaria (Limaria) orientalis: Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 583.

Type locality. Philippine Archipelago.

Material examined. 1 ind. (left valve), T'onggumi, 26 Nov. 1991; 1 ind. Kwanümdo, 29 Nov. 1991.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Jogashima, Amadaiba, Kamekisho, Shuragane, Oga Penin., Japan Sea, Kannontukadashi, Honshu, Shikoku, Hokkaido to Kyushu in Japan; Northern China Sea in China; Indo-Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Sands; from 5 to 120 m deep.

Superfamily Anomioidea Rafinesque, 1815 잡쟁이상파

Family Anomiidae Rafinesque, 1815 잡쟁이과

Genus *Anomia* Linnaeus, 1758 잡쟁이속(신칭)

29. *Anomia chinensis* Philippi, 1849 개굴잡쟁이

Anomia chinensis Philippi, 1849, p. 130 (cited from Habe, 1981); Kuroda et al., 1971, pp. 590, 591 (in Japanese), p. 378 (in English), pl. 84, figs. 12-14; Kira, 1975, p. 132, pl. 47, fig. 8; Habe, 1977, p. 97, pl. 18, figs. 3, 4; Habe, 1981, p. 80; Okada, 1981, p. 244; Inaba, 1982, p. 42; Lee et al., 1985, p. 97; Matsukuma et al., 1988, p. 407; Yoo, 1988, p. 119, 120, pl. 26, figs. 4-6; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 100, 242; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 125, pl. 42, figs. 1, 2; Kira, 1992, p. 118, pl. 46, fig. 8; Bernard et al., 1993, p. 57; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 585; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 110, 353, figs. 74-1-1, 2.

Anomia cytaeum Gray, 1850, p. 115 (cited from Habe, 1981); Reeve, 1859, p. 10; Kang et al., 1971, p. 74.

Anomia lischkei Dautzenberg & Fischer, 1907, p. 210, pl. 5, figs. 8-11 (cited from Habe, 1981); Kuroda, 1932b, p. 119, fig. 121; Shiba, 1934, p. 12; Lee, 1956, p. 91; Kang et al., 1971, p. 73.

Anomia nipponensis Yokoyama, 1920, p. 146, pl. 11, fig. 18 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Anomia nipponensis obsoletocostata Grabau & King, 1929, p. 165, pl. 2, fig. 16 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Anomia cuticula Grabau & King, 1928, p. 166, pl. 2, fig. 17 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Type locality. Shanghai in China.

Material examined. 1 ind., Kuam, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 4 inds., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 3 inds., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Hamnam, Anmyöndo, Kangwön, Kyönggi, Western Sea, P'yöngnam, Kyöngnam in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Jogashima, Sagami Bay, Honshu, Yokohama, Shikoku, Kyushu, Southern Hokkaido in Japan; Eastern China Sea, Yellow Sea, Hainan in China; Taiwan; Hong Kong; Indonesia; Southeast Asia.

Habitat. Rocks and submerged timbers; from intertidal zone to 20 m deep.

Genus *Monia* Gray, 1850 점잠쟁이속(신칭)

30. *Monia macroschisma* (Deshayes, 1839) 두점잠쟁이

Monia macroschisma: Lee, 1956, p. 91; Kira, 1975, p. 131, pl. 47, fig. 9; Habe, 1977, p. 98, pl. 18, fig. 9; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 100, 242; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 125, pl. 42, figs. 5, 6; Kira, 1992, p. 118, pl. 46, fig. 9; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 585; Kwon et al., 1993, pp. 110, 354, figs. 74-2-1, 2.

Monia macrochisma (sic): Kang et al., 1971, p. 74.

Type locality. Kamchatka in Russian Repub.

Material examined. 1 ind. (left valve), T'onggumi, 11 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 1 ind. (left valve), T'onggumi, 26 Nov. 1991; 2 inds., Kwan'ymdo, 29 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., T'onggumi, 8 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Chumunjin in Korea; Hokkaido, Tohoku, Honshu in Japan; Bering Sea, Kuriles in Russian Repub.; Alaska in America; Canada.

Habitat. Rocks; from tide marks to 40 m deep.

Superfamily Ostreoidea Rafinesque, 1815 굴상과

Family Ostreidae Rafinesque, 1815 굴과

Genus *Crassostrea* Sacco, 1897 큰굴속(신칭)

31. *Crassostrea gigas* (Thunberg, 1793) 굴

Ostrea gigas Thunberg, 1793, p. 140 (cited from Kuroda *et al.*, 1971); Lischke, 1869, p. 174; Lischke, 1871, p. 160; Lischke, 1874, p. 114; Dunker, 1882, p. 249; Kamita & Sato, 1941, p. 2.

Ostrea talienwhanensis Crosse, 1862, p. 149, pl. 6, fig. 6 (cited from Habe, 1981).

Ostrea (Crassostrea) gigas: Kuroda, 1931, p. 55, fig. 56; Shiba, 1934, p. 10; Lee, 1956, p. 92; Kang *et al.*, 1971, p. 74.

Crassostrea gigas: Kuroda *et al.*, 1971, p. 596 (in Japanese), p. 382 (in English), pl. 86, fig. 1; Kim, 1973, p. 430; Kira, 1975, p. 144, pl. 52, figs. 3, 8; Habe, 1977, p. 108, pl. 20, fig. 6; Habe, 1981, p. 82; Okada, 1981, p. 246; Inaba, 1982, p. 43; Kim & Kwon, 1983, p. 324; Lee *et al.*, 1985, p. 97; Kim & Kim, 1986, p. 322; Kim & Shin, 1986, p. 35; Matsukuma, 1988, p. 407; Yoo, 1988, pp. 120, 121, pl. 26, figs. 10, 11; Okutani & Habe, 1990, pp. 103, 264; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 126, pl. 42, figs. 7, 8; Kira, 1992, p. 127, pl. 51, figs. 3, 8; Bernard, 1993, p. 46; Kwon *et al.*, 1993, pp. 111, 112, 356, figs. 75-4-1, 2, 3.

Type locality. Japan.

Material examined. 4 inds., T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Naesujön, 13 Jul. 1989; 3 inds., Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 6 inds., Taep'ungh'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 1 ind., Sa-dong, 17 Jul. 1989; 6 inds., T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991; 9 inds., T'onggumi, 28 Nov. 1991; 1 ind., Naesujön, 7 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., T'aeha, 10 Aug. 1992; 1 ind., Sömmok, 10 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Hamnam, Kangwön, Kyöngnam, Kyönggi, Western Sea, Tolsando, Taesambudo, Anmyöndo, Ch'ujado, Sangbaekdo, Taech'öngdo, Inch'ön, Chönnam in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Hokkaido, Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, Yokohama, Japan Sea, Nagasaki, Sagami Bay in Japan; China; Taiwan; Kuriles, Maritime Bay, Kamchatka, Sakhalin in Russian Repub.; Southeast Asia; Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks; from tide marks to 5 m deep.

32. *Crassostrea nippona* (Seki, 1934) 태생굴

Ostrea nippona Seki, 1934, p. 276, figs. 1-15.

Ostrea (Crassostrea) nippona: Lee, 1956, p. 92.

Crassostrea nippona: Kira, 1975, p. 144, pl. 52, fig. 5; Habe, 1977, p. 108; Habe, 1981, p. 83; Okada, 1981, p. 245; Inaba, 1982, p. 43; Okutani & Habe, 1990 pp. 103, 179; Kira, 1992, p. 127, pl. 51, fig. 5; Bernard *et al.*, 1993, p. 46; Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 587.

Type locality: Seto Inland in Japan.

Material examined. 3 inds., Hyölam, 14 Jul. 1989; 8 inds., Taep'ungh'wi, 15 Jul. 1989; 5 inds., T'onggumi, 8 Aug. 1992; 2 inds., Namyang, 9 Aug. 1992.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., Kangwön, Taehüksando, Ch'ujado, Kömundo, T'ongyöng, Pusan in Korea; Seto Inland Sea, Honshu to Kyushu, Mutsu Bay in Japan; Yellow Sea in China.

Habitat. Rocks; from subtidal zone to 20 m deep.

33. *Crassostrea echinata* (Quoy & Gaimard, 1836) 가시굴

Ostrea echinata Quoy & Gaimard, 1836, p. 455, pl. 76, figs. 13, 14 (cited from Habe, 1981); Kamita & Sato, 1941, p. 2.

Ostrea spinosa Deshayes, 1836, p. 237 (cited from Habe, 1981); Sowerby, 1871, p. 79.

Ostrea (Lopha) echinata: Kuroda, 1930c, p. 51; Shiba, 1934, p. 10.
Saxostrea echinata: Lee, 1956, p. 91; Habe, 1975, p. 176, pl. 54, fig. 13; Kuroda et al., 1971, p. 594 (in Japanese), p. 380 (in English), pl. 85, figs. 6, 7; Kang et al., 1971, p. 74; Okada, 1981, p. 245; Habe, 1982, p. 120, pl. 54, fig. 13; Yoo, 1988, p. 120, pl. 26, fig. 9; Habe & Ito, 1991, p. 126, pl. 42, fig. 9.

Saccostrea echinata: Habe, 1977, p. 109, pl. 20, figs. 8, 9; Habe, 1981, p. 83.

Crassostrea echinata: Higo & Goto, 1993, p. 587.

Type locality. Amboina in Indonesia.

Material examined. 1 ind. (right valve), T'onggumi, 12 Jul. 1989.

Distribution. Ullüng Isl., T'ongyöng, Yösü, Yokchi, Pijin, Inch'ön in Korea; Wakayama Prefecture, Amami, Mutsu Bay, Okinawa, Honshu, Seto Inland Sea, Hokkaido to Kyushu in Japan; Indo-Western Pacific Region.

Habitat. Rocks; tide marks.

REFERENCES

- Adams, A. and L. Reeve, 1848. Mollusca. The Zoology of the voyage of H.M.S. Samarang; Under the command of captain Sir Edward Belcher, C. B., F. R. A. S., F. G. S., During the years 1843-1846. x + 87 pp., 24 pls.
- Bernard, F.R., Y.Y. Cai and B. Morton, 1993. Catalogue of the living marine bivalve molluscs of China. Hong Kong University Press, Hong Kong, 146 pp.
- Choe, B.L. and S.H. Yoon, 1990a. Classification and description of mesogastropods from Ullüng Island waters. Korean J. Malacol., **6**(1): 45-55.
- Choe, B.L. and S.H. Yoon, 1990b. Classification and description of archeogastropods from Ullüng Island waters. Korean J. Malacol., **6**(1): 56-79.
- Choe, B.L. and S.H. Yoon, 1992. Marine gastropods from Ullüng Island, Korea; Orders Neogastropoda and Basommatophora. Korean J. Syst. Zool., **8**(1): 69-88.
- Dunker, W., 1877. Mollusca nonnulla nova maris Japonici. Malak. Blätt., **24**: 67-75.
- Dunker, W., 1882. Index molluscorum maris Japonici. Cassellis Cattorum Sumptibus Theodori Fischer, 310 pp., 16 pls.
- Habe, T., 1953. Limopsidae and Arcidae (1) in Japan. Illustrated Catalogue of Japanese Shells, **1**(25): 201-216.
- Habe, T., 1975. Shells of the Western Pacific in color. vol. II. Hoikusha Publishing Co., Osaka, 233 pp., 66 pls.
- Habe, T., 1977. Systematics of Mollusca in Japan. Bivalvia and Scaphopoda. Zukan-no-Hokuryukan Co., Tokyo, 372 pp., 72 pls. (in Japanese).
- Habe, T., 1981. A catalogue of molluscs of Wakayama Prefecture, the Province of Kii. I. Bivalvia, Scaphopoda and Cephalopoda. Nakanishi Printing Co., Tokyo, 301 pp., 13 pls. (in Japanese).
- Habe, T., 1982. Colored illustrations of the shells of Japan (II). Hoikusha Publishing Co., Ltd., Osaka, 186 pp., 66 pls. (in Japanese).
- Habe, T. & K. Ito., 1991. Shells of the world in color. vol. I. Hoikusha Publishing Co., Ltd., Osaka, 176 pp., 56 pls. (in Japanese).
- Habe, T. & S. Kosuge., 1979. Shells of the world in color. vol. II. Hoikusha Publishing Co., Ltd., Osaka, 194 pp.,

68 pls. (in Japanese).

- Higo, S. and Y. Goto, 1993. A systematic list of molluscan shells from the Japanese Islands and the adjacent area. Ere Shell Publishing Co., Ltd., Osaka, pp. 1-693. (in Japanese).
- Inaba, A., 1982. Molluscan fauna of the Seto Inland Sea, Japan. Hiroshima Shell Club, 181 pp., 4 pls.
- Kamita, T. & T.N. Sato., 1941. Marine fauna at Jinsen Bay, Corea. J. Chosen Nat. Hist. Soc., **8**(30): 1-3 (in Japanese).
- Kang, Y.S. (ed.), 1971. Nomina animalium koreanorum (3). Hyang Moon Co., Seoul, 180 pp. (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S., 1973. Report on a collection of animals from Baegryeong I. and Daecheong I. College Review, **19**: 427-436. (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and I.H. Kim, 1984. Marine invertebrate fauna of Kōmundo I., Taesambudo I. and Sangpaekdo I. Rep. on the Survey of Natural Envr. Korea, **4**: 181-206 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and I.H. Kim, 1986. Marine invertebrate fauna of Ch'ujado Islands. Rep. on the Survey of Natural Envr. Korea, **5**: 309-332 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and D.H. Kwon, 1982. Marine invertebrate fauna in the vicinity of Wando Island. Rep. on the Survey of Natural Envr. Korea, **2**(1): 187-206 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and D.H. Kwon, 1983. Marine invertebrate fauna in the vicinity of Jindo Island. Rep. on the Survey of Natural Envr. Korea, **3**: 313-336 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S., I.K. Lee, C.H. Koh, I.H. Kim, Y.B. Suh and N. K. Sung, 1983. Studies on the marine benthic communities in inter-and subtidal zones. I. Analysis of benthic community structures at Aninjin, eastern coast of Korea. Proc. Coll. Natur. Sci. SNU., **8**(1): 71-108 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and B.J. Rho, 1971. On the distribution of the benthic animals of Korean coastal seas. 1. Jeju Island region. Rep. IBp., **5**: 7-27 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and M.K. Shin, 1986. Marine Mollusks and Arthropods from Dolsan Island in South Sea of Korea. Nature Conv., **55**: 31-40 (in Korean).
- Kim, H.S. and S.M. Yoon, 1985. The marine mollusks and arthropods in Hujin, Kang-won-do. Nature Conv., **50**: 35-42 (in Korean).
- Kira, T., 1975. Shells of the western Pacific in color. vol. I. Hoikuhsa Publishing Co., Osaka, 224 pp., 72 pls.
- Kira, T., 1992. Colored illustrations of the shells of Japan. vol. II. Hoikuhsa Publishing Co., Ltd., Osaka, 240 pp., 71 pls. (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1930a. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (3). Venus, **1**(6): 17-26 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1930b. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (3). Venus, **2**(1): 27-34 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1930c. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (3). Venus, **2**(3): 45-54 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1931. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (7). Venus, **2**(5): 55-68 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1932a. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (10). Venus, **3**(2): 87-102 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1932b. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (10). Venus, **3**(4): 113-122 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1932c. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (13). Venus, **3**(5): 123-134 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1933a. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (14). Venus, **4**(1): 135-140 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., 1933b. An illustrated catalogue of the Japanese shells (15). Venus, **4**(3): 141-144 (in Japanese).
- Kuroda, T., T. Habe and K. Oyama. 1971. The seashells of Sagami Bay. Maruzen Co., Tokyo, pp. 1-740 (in Japanese), pp. 1-489 (in English), 121 pls.
- Kuroda, T. and T. Habe, 1950. Myochamidae. Illustrated Catalogue of Japanese Shells, **1**(4): 25-30.
- Kwon, O.K., G.H. Park, and J.S. Lee, 1993. Coloured shells of Korea. Academy Pub. Co., Soeul, 445 pp. (in

- Korean).
- Lee, B.D., 1956. The catalogue of molluscan shells of Korea. Bull. Pusan Fish. Coll., **1**: 1-17 (in Korean).
- Lee, B.D., 1958. Unrecorded species of molluscan shells in Korea. Bull. Pusan Fish. Coll., **2**(1-2): 15-26 (in Korean).
- Lee, I.K., H.S. Kim, C.H. Koh, J.W. Kang, S.Y. Hong, S.M. Boo, I.H. Kim and Y.C. Kang, 1984. Studies on the marine benthic communities in inter-and subtidal zones. II. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of the community structure in south-eastern coast of Korea. Pro. Coll. Natur. Sci. SNU., **9**(1): 71-126 (in Korean).
- Lee, I.K., H.S. Kim, B.L. Choe and H.B. Lee, 1985. Studies on the marine benthic communities in inter-and subtidal zones. III. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of the community structure in western coast of Korea. Proc. Coll. Natur. Sci. SNU., **10**(2): 57-100 (in Korean).
- Lischke, C.E., 1868. Diagnosen neuer Meeres-Konchylien von Japan. Malak. Blät., **15**: 218-226.
- Lischke, C.E., 1869. Japanische Meeres-Conchylien, **1**: 1-191, pls. 1-14.
- Lischke, C.E., 1871. Japanische Meeres-Conchylien, **2**: 1-184, pls. 1-14.
- Lischke, C.E., 1874. Japanische Meeres-Conchylien, **3**: 1-123, pls. 1-9.
- Matsukuma A., 1984. Intertidal bivalves molluscs collected from the eastern Caroline and Marshall Islands, Western Pacific. Proceedings of the Japanese Society of Systematic Zoology, **27**: 1-34, 5 pls.
- Matsukuma A., T. Ozawa and W. Yoosukh, 1988. *Paphia (Protapes) irrediviva* Makiyama, an extinct tropical embayment element of Japanese cenozoic mollusks and allied species from the Indo-Western Pacific. Saito Ho-on Kai Spe. Pub. (Prof. T. Kotaka Commem. Vol.) p. 405-415.
- Okada, T., 1981. New illustrated encyclopedia of the fauna of Japan. (II). Hokuryukan Co., Ltd., Tokyo, 803 pp. (in Japanese).
- Okutani, T. and T. Habe, 1990. Gakken Illustrated nature encyclopedia, the mollusks of Japan, 2. Gakken Pub. Co. Ltd., Tokyo, 306 pp. (in Japanese).
- Reeve, L.A., 1844. Monograph of the Genus *Arca*. Conchologia Iconica, **2**: 1-122, pls. 1-17.
- Reeve, L.A., 1852-1853. Monograph of the Genus *Pecten*. Conchologia Iconica, **8**: 1-35, pls. 1-176.
- Reeve, L.A., 1856. Monograph of the Genus *Spondylus*. Conchologia Iconica, **9**: 1-68, pls. 1-18.
- Reeve, L.A., 1858. Monograph of the Genus *Mytilus*. Conchologia Iconica, **10**: 1-61, pls. 1-11.
- Reeve, L.A., 1859. Monograph of the Genus *Anomia*. Conchologia Iconica, **11**: 1-37, pls. 1-8.
- Seki, H., 1934. Description of *Ostrea nippona*, n. sp., with remarks on *Ostrea circumpicta* Pilsbry (Text-figs. 1-25). Venus, **4**(5): 275-284, 25 figs.
- Shiba, N., 1934. Catalogue of the Mollusca of Chosen (Corea). J. Chosen Nat. Hist. Soc., **18**: 6-31 (in Japanese).
- Smith, E.A., 1885. Report on the Lamellibranchiata collected by H.M.S. Challenger during the years 1873-1876. Report on the scientific results of the exploring voyage of H.M.S. Challenger 1873-1876, Zoolgy, **13**: 1-341, pls. 1-25.
- Sowerby, G.B., 1847. Monograph of the Genus *Spondylus*. Thesaurus Conchyliorum, **1**: 417-431.
- Sowerby, G.B., 1871. Monograph of the Genus *Ostrea*. Conchologia Iconica, **18**: 1-87, pls. 1-33.
- Yoo, J.S., 1988. Korean shells in colour. Iljisa Co., Seoul, 196 pp., 36 pls. (in Korean).

RECEIVED: 29 MARCH 1994

ACCEPTED: 10 MAY 1994

울릉도 해산 익형아강(연체동물문: 이매패강)

최 병 래 · *김 원 이 종 락 · *윤 숙 희

(성균관대학교 이과대학 생물학과; *서울대학교 자연과학대학 분자생물학과)

요 약

1989년 6월부터 1992년 8월까지 울릉도의 13개 지점에서 채집된 해산 이매패류를 조사한 결과 익형아강(Pteriomorphia)에 속하는 9과 33종(아종)이 채집되었다. 이들은 모두 울릉도 미기록 종이며, 이들 중 *Modiolus (Modiolus) comptus* Sowerby, 1915, *Gregariella coralliophaga* (Gmelin, 1791), *Musculus (Musculus) laevigatus* (Gray, 1824), *Chlamys (Coralichlamys) jousseaumei* Bavay, 1904, *Spondylus (Spondylus) varius* Sowerby, 1829 등 5종은 한국 미기록종으로 밝혀졌기에 이들을 재기재 하였다.

Plate 1

- 1, 2,** *Modiolus (Modiolus) comptus* Sowerby, 1915 (right valve, Hyōlam, 14 Jul. 1989, x9); **3, 4.** *Gregariella coralliophaga* (Gmelin, 1791)(left valve, Taep'ungch'wi, 15 Jul. 1989, x3.7); **5,** *Chlamys (Coralichlamys) jousseaumei* Bavay, 1904 (left valve, T'onggumi, 25 Nov. 1991, x4.2); **6,** same (right valve); **7,** *Musculus (Musculus) laevigatus* (Gray, 1824) (right valve, Kadubong, 28 Nov. 1991, x5.5); **8,** *Spondylus (Spondylus) varius* Sowerby, 1829 (To-dong, 27 Nov. 1991, x0.3).

PLATE

