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### Electrical Characteristic of IGZO Oxide TFTs with 3 Layer Gate Insulator

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Transparent amorphous oxide semiconductors such as a In-Ga-Zn-O (a-IGZO) have advantages for large area electronic devices; e.g., uniform deposition at a large area, optical transparency, a smooth surface, and large electron mobility  $>10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$ , which is more than an order of magnitude larger than that of hydrogen amorphous silicon (a-Si:H).<sup>1)</sup> Thin film transistors (TFTs) that employ amorphous oxide semiconductors such as ZnO, In-Ga-Zn-O, or Hf-In-Zn-O (HIZO) are currently subject of intensive study owing to their high potential for application in flat panel displays. The device fabrication process involves a series of thin film deposition and photolithographic patterning steps. In order to minimize contamination, the substrates usually undergo a cleaning procedure using deionized water, before and after the growth of thin films by sputtering methods. The devices structure were fabricated top-contact gate TFTs using the a-IGZO films on the plastic substrates. The channel width and length were 80 and 20  $\mu\text{m}$ , respectively. The source and drain electrode regions were defined by photolithography and wet etching process. The electrodes consisting of Ti(15 nm)/Al(120 nm)/Ti(15nm) trilayers were deposited by direct current sputtering. The 30 nm thickness active IGZO layer deposited by rf magnetron sputtering at room temperature. The deposition condition is as follows: a rf power 200 W, a pressure of 5 mtorr, 10% of oxygen  $[\text{O}_2/(\text{O}_2+\text{Ar})=0.1]$ , and room temperature. A 9-nm-thick  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  layer was formed as a first, third gate insulator by ALD deposition. A 290-nm-thick SS6908 organic dielectrics formed as second gate insulator by spin-coating. The schematic structure of the IGZO TFT is top gate contact geometry device structure for typical TFTs fabricated in this study. Drain current ( $I_{\text{DS}}$ ) versus drain-source voltage ( $V_{\text{DS}}$ ) output characteristics curve of a IGZO TFTs fabricated using the 3-layer gate insulator on a plastic substrate and  $\log(I_{\text{DS}})$ -gate voltage ( $V_{\text{G}}$ ) characteristics for typical IGZO TFTs. The TFTs device has a channel width ( $W$ ) of 80  $\mu\text{m}$  and a channel length ( $L$ ) of 20  $\mu\text{m}$ . The  $I_{\text{DS}}$ - $V_{\text{DS}}$  curves showed well-defined transistor characteristics with saturation effects at  $V_{\text{G}} > -10 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{\text{DS}} > -20 \text{ V}$  for the inkjet printing IGZO device. The carrier charge mobility was determined to be  $15.18 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ V}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with FET threshold voltage of  $-3 \text{ V}$  and on/off current ratio  $10^9$

**Keywords:** Oxide TFTs, IGZO, Gate insulator, ALD

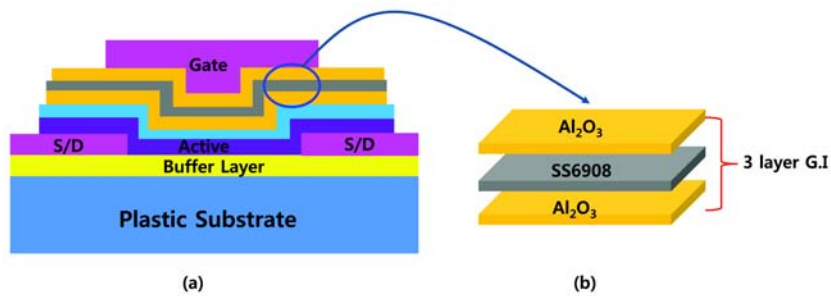


Fig. 1.

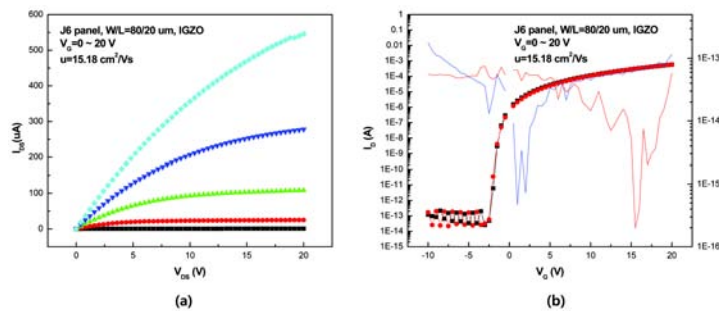


Fig. 2.