

[GC-22] Photometry of dwarf galaxies in the Leo HI gas ring

Myo Jin Kim¹, Aeree Chung¹, Joon Hyeop Lee², Sungsoon Lim³,
Minjin Kim^{2,4}, Jong Chul Lee², Jongwan Ko², Soung-ChulYang²

¹*Department of Astronomy, Yonsei University,* ²*Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute,* ³*Seoul National University,* ⁴*The Observatories of the Carnegie Institution of Washington*

The HI ring serendipitously found in the Leo I galaxy group is unique in size in the Local Universe. It is ~ 200 kpc in diameter with $M_{\text{HI}} \sim 1.67 \times 10^9 M_{\odot}$, surrounding a pair of early type galaxies M105 and NGC 3384. Its origin is still under debate whether it is the remnant of formation of a galaxy group (primordial) or formed from stripped material during galaxy-galaxy interaction (tidal origin). Intriguingly a number of dwarf galaxies have been identified along the gas ring (with or without optical counterpart). Various properties of these dwarf galaxies such as dark matter content, color, and/or metallicity will allow us to pin down the origin of this large scale HI ring. We have obtained a mosaicked CFHT MegaCam image and the EVLA HI cube of the large scale gas ring. In this work we present optical and gas properties of dwarf galaxies identified in the CFHT data.

[GC-23] Progress Report on the Relationship Between the Bright and Faint Galaxies in Abell 3659

Hye-Ran Lee^{1,2}, Joon Hyeop Lee¹, Minjin Kim^{1,3}, Seulhee Oh⁴, Chang Hee Ree¹, Hyunjin Jeong¹, Jaemann Kyeong¹, Sang Chul Kim¹, Jong Chul Lee¹, Jongwan Ko¹, Byeong-Gon Park^{1,2}, Eon-Chang Sung¹, Yun-Kyeong Sheen⁵

¹*Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute,* ²*University of Science and Technology,* ³*Carnegie observatories,* ⁴*Yonsei University,* ⁵*University of Concepcion, Chile*

The properties of bright galaxies are closely related to those of their nearby neighbors and satellite galaxies. In addition, the properties of galaxies in clusters are known to be strongly affected by the cluster environment. These two environmental effects raise a question: how significantly do nearby neighbors and satellite galaxies affect the properties of bright galaxies in a cluster? To address this issue, we reduce and analyze the deep and wide-field images of Abell 3659 ($z \sim 0.0907$) in the g' and r' bands obtained using IMACS on the Magellan (Baade) 6.5m telescope. The main goal of this study is to find out the relationship between the properties of bright galaxies and those of fainter companion galaxies in a cluster. This poster is a progress report, in which we present the sample selection and the preliminary results.