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Catalytic Reactions of Ethanol over TiO₂-supported Vanadia Catalysts

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In this study, V₂O₅/TiO₂ catalyst was measured reactivity of ethanol when vanadia ratio was increasing. First, V₂O₅/TiO₂ catalyst was prepared to the increasing vanadia (VO_x) ratio as 0.2, 1, 10 wt%. And we were used X-ray diffraction (XRD), then not appear markedly peak to pure vanadia about XRD analysis. So we were decided vanadia that was evenly dispersed on TiO₂. Result about temperature-programmed reduction (TPR) analysis was obtained 3 reactions that was dehydrogenationfrom obtained to acetaldehyde, dehydration from obtained to ethylene, condensation from obtained to diethyl ether. If vanadia ratio was increasing in V₂O₅/TiO₂, reactions temperature of ethanol was known lower. And condensation into diethyl ether is quenched away with increasing vanadia loading. In addition, competition between reductive dehydration and oxidative dehydrogenation occurs, while the selectivity toward dehydrogenation is favored with increasing vanadia loading.