

Electron Accumulation in LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ Interfaces by the Broken Symmetry of Crystal Field

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Using ab initio calculations, we reveal the origins of the extraordinarily increased electric conductivity of the LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ interface. In both of the two (LaAlO₃)_m/SrTiO₃ heterojunction models ($m=3, 5$), the oxygen atoms in the cells were displaced toward the n-type interface and the Ti-centered octahedron structure was compressed along the [001] direction by the atomic reconstructions at the (LaAlO₃)_m/(SrTiO₃)₄ interfaces. As a result, the 3d_{xy} orbital of the Ti atom was preferentially occupied due to the lowered energy state of the 3d_{xy} orbital, which arises from the crystal field asymmetry. We reason that the extra electrons occupy the 3d_{xy} orbital are accumulated at the interface by the displacement of the oxygen atoms. This accumulation contributes to the conductivity of the n-type interface. In addition, through a comparison of the atomic displacements and charge accumulation amounts between the two thickness models ($m=3, 5$), the thickness-dependency of the conductivity can be explained.

Keywords: Superconductivity, LAO/STO, DFT