## Measurements of the Penetration Depth of MgB<sub>2</sub> and YBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7-<u>n</u></sub> Superconductor Films by Using Sapphire Resonators with Short-Circuited Parallel Plates

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A measurement method that enables to measure the penetration depth ( $\lambda$ ) of superconductor films by using a short-ended parallel plate sapphire resonator is introduced. Variations in the  $\lambda$  of c-axis-oriented MgB<sub>2</sub> and YBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7-x</sub> films could be measured down to the lowest temperature using a sapphire resonator with a YBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7-x</sub> film at the bottom. A model equation of  $\lambda = \lambda_0 \left[1 - \left(\frac{T}{T_c}\right)^{\tau}\right]^{-1/2}$  for MgB<sub>2</sub> films appeared to

describe the observed variations of the resonant frequency of the sapphire resonator with temperature, with  $\lambda_{0}$ ,  $\phi$ , and  $T_{\rm C}$  used as the fitting parameters. Merits of using the sapphire resonators with short-circuited parallel plates are discussed.

Keywords: penetration depth, superconductor film, dielectric resonator, short-ended