

플렉시블 염료감응 태양전지의 임피던스 분석 연구

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Impedance Study of Flexible Dye-sensitized Solar Cells

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Abstract : Dye sensitized solar cells (DSSCs) and organic solar cells are different from any inorganic only solar cells in terms of various crossing interfaces between organic and inorganic materials. Especially, DSSCs have various components such as dyes and electrolytes. Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) is one of the strongest tools for solar cells which has this crossing interface and various components. Due to the merits, researches of EIS analysis for the DSSCs have obtained a lot of attentions.

Metal substrates are excellent alternatives to conducting plastic substrates in flexible solar cells because of the possible sintering process at high temperature. However, the investigation of cells with flexible metal substrates has only recently started with Ti, W, stainless steel(stst). It was found that they formed semiconductor oxides after the sintering process. For the detail analysis, the EIS has been taken and analyzed to characterize the impedance element in each circuit. The corresponding effect has been also discussed. We have probed the properties of DSSCs with the metal substrates prepared in three different ways; a bare metal sheet, indium tin oxide (ITO) sputter coating on a bare metal sheet, and ITO sputter coating after the addition of a SiO_x layer on the metal sheet. A new impedance element resulting from the SiO_x insulating layer was classified from EIS data.

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