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Changes in antioxidant responses in *Pseudomonas putida*BCNU 106 by toluene treatment

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Pseudomonas putida BCNU 106 was used to examine the links between the toluene exposure, reactive oxygen species generation and oxidative stress response. Treatment of Pseudomonas putida BCNU 106 with 10% toluene revealed decreased generation of reactive oxygen species assessed by 2'7'-dichlorofluorescine oxidation. Antioxidative defence systems were investigated by measuring the activity of superoxide dismutase, glutathione peroxidase, glutathione S-transferase and catalase. Increased activity of superoxide dismutase, glutathione S-transferase and catalase were perceived after the treatment with 10% toluene. The results indicate that the tolerance of Pseudomonas putida BCNU 106 to different organic solvents was correlated with the reactive oxygen species generation in the cells and with the efficiency of antioxidant defence systems.