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Polyserositis Associated with Streptococcal Infection in Cultured Flatfish

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Streptococcal polyserositis is reported in seven juvenile cultured flatfish (Paralichthys

olivaceus) 10 to 12 cm in length. The flatfish showed erratic swimming, exophthalmia,

abdominal swelling, and rectal hernia. Grossly, the most significant feature was a large

amount of turbid fluid in the abdominal cavity. Some fish had corneal opacity and loss of the

scale. Histologically, diffuse severe fibrinoprulent peritonitis were appeared the serosa of the

several abdominal organs. Moderate multifocal meningitis were presented in the brain. Other

findings such as diffuse congestion, hemorrhage, necrosis in various organs and myositis were

noted. Gram-positive cocci were often associated with the serositis. Streptococcus spp. was

isolated from the liver and the ascites. As a fish disease, streptococcal infection cause serious

mortality and great economic losses in the world-wide salt water or fresh water aquaculture.

Development of diagnostic kits or vaccine using the isolates, and the preventive measures for

fish streptococcosis are of great interest in the future.

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