## Vortex Image and Superconducting Properties of High $T_{\rm c}$ Oxide and MgB<sub>2</sub> Thin Films and Junctions

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We present the fabrication of thin films and junctions for high  $T_{\rm c}$  oxide and MgB<sub>2</sub> superconductors and report their transport properties and vortex images. Thin films and junctions are fabricated using a pulsed laser deposition method incorporating photolithography and an Ar ion milling technique. Vortex images are investigated using a scanning SQUID microscope (SSM). For high- $T_{\rm c}$  YBCO(001) films, quantized vortices with normal isotropic shape are observable, while for YBCO(110) thin films, long vortices of several tens of  $\mu$ m long are observed for the first time, verifying the presence of a long Josephson penetration depth normal to the c-axis. For MgB<sub>2</sub> thin films, quantized vortices with normal isotropic shape are again observable and the temperature dependence of penetration depth is given. The SSM images at the ramp-edge junctions provided an interesting information on the superconducting coupling in these junctions. Some result on the transport properties of the MgB<sub>2</sub>/Bi2212 mesa-type heterojunctions is also presented and discussed with comparison to YBCO/Bi2212 heterojunctions.

keywords : scanning SQUID microscope, quantized vortex, flux quantum, MgB2, YBa2Cu3O7-y, Bi2Sr2CaCu2Oy, heterojunction