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## Characteristic study of heat transfer of laminar impinging jet in an aligned magnetic field

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**Key Words :** Impinging jet( ), MHD( ), Heat transfer( ), Nusselt number, Stuart number

### Abstract

The laminar impinging jet thermal fields were investigated with or without magnetic fields. The transient phenomenon from steady to unsteady flow was founded at specific Reynolds number ranges. In unsteady flow region, the magnetic fields make flow stable. So the characteristics of heat transfer at impingement wall are changed

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/ 가

$D$  (Width)

$H$  -

$N$  Stuart number,  $N = D\sigma B^2 / \rho\nu$  가 가 (1)

$Nu$  Nusselt number,  $Nu = hD / k$

$Nu_{stag}$  Nusselt number 가

$P$

$Pr$  Prandtl number,  $Pr = \nu / \alpha$  가

$Re$  Reynolds number,  $Re = V_{jet} D / \nu$  가

$V_{jet}$

1. 가 .  
Sparrow Wong<sup>(2)</sup> (naphthalene sublimation technique)  
( 150 < Re < 950 )  
(mass transfer)  
(analogy)

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† LG  
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\* impinging jets) Re=300~1000 Reynolds  
\*\* analogy Chung

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(3), H/W = 5

Chiriac - Ortega<sup>(4)</sup>

1(unity),  $B_{0z}$ , (7), (8)

$$J_x = -\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} + v, J_y = -\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} - u, \quad (7)$$

$$f_x = -N \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} + u \right), f_y = -N \left( -\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} + v \right) \quad (8)$$

2.2

2.

(1), (2)

2.1

Kim Moin<sup>(5)</sup> fractional step method

2

가

가

(central-difference scheme)

(convective terms) Adams-Bashforth (viscous terms) Crank-Nicholson

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{u} = 0, \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{u}}{\partial t} + \vec{u} \cdot \nabla \vec{u} = -\nabla p + \frac{1}{Re} \nabla^2 \vec{u} + \vec{f} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + \vec{u} \cdot \nabla T = \frac{1}{Re \cdot Pr} \nabla^2 T \quad (3)$$

$$p^{n+1}, \quad n+1, \quad (v^{n+1}), \quad (6)$$

(poisson)

2.3

$$t = \frac{V_{jet} t^*}{D}, u = \frac{u^*}{V_{jet}}, p = \frac{p^*}{\rho V_{jet}^2}, T = \frac{T^* - T_w}{T_{jet} - T_w}$$

layer)

(profile) (shear

$V_{jet}, D, \rho$   
(jet width)

가

(density)

\* 가 Reynolds (Pr =  $\nu / \alpha$ ) Prandtl (Re =  $V_{jet} D / \nu$ )

(6)(7)

(L)

(H/D)

condition,  $\partial \vec{u} / \partial n = 0$ )

NBC(Neumann boundary

가 z- 가

가

가

(computational domain)

$$(B = B_{0z} \hat{k})$$

NBC 가

$$(J_x, J_y)$$

$$(f_x, f_y)$$

Non-reflecting boundary condition

(4)~(6)

(6)(7)

(5)

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{J} = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$\vec{J} = -\nabla \phi + \vec{u} \times e_z \quad (5)$$

$$\nabla^2 \phi = \nabla \cdot (\vec{u} \times e_z) \quad (6)$$

**- Inlet**

$$: u = 0, v = -1, T = 1$$

Uniform Hot fluid

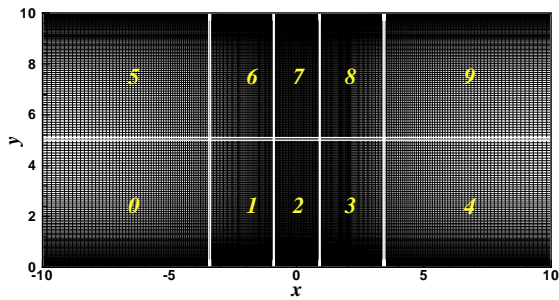


Figure 1 Grid system and multi-domain

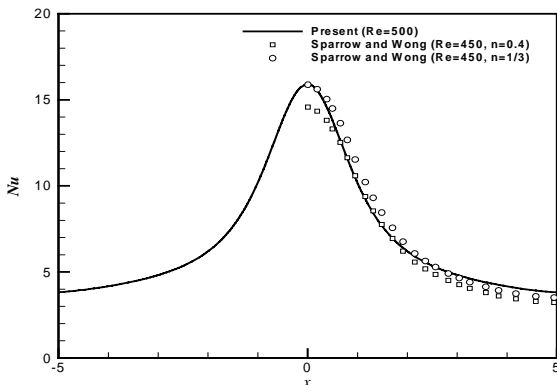


Figure 2 Comparison with experimental data : Re=500, H/W=10

- **Upper wall** :  $u = v = 0$  No-slip  
 $\partial T / \partial n = 0$  Adiabatic
- **Lower wall** :  $u = v = 0$  No-slip  
 $T = 0$  Cold wall
- **Lateral exit** :  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + C \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$  CBC  
 $\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + C \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0$  CBC

convective velocity  $C$   
(8)

Fig. 1

MPI  
 x y  
 300x200  
 CFL<0.5  
 (CPU : Pentium-4 2.66GHz, Memory : 512MB)  
 , 10 가

3.

Fig. 2

Sparrow Wong<sup>(2)</sup>  
 (naphthalene sublimation technique)

Nu

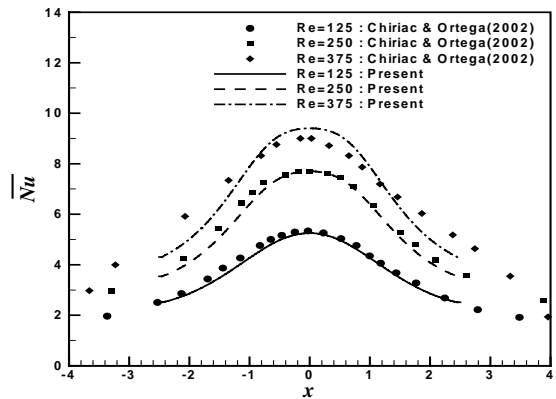


Figure 3 Time averaged Nusselt numbers on impingement wall : H/W=5

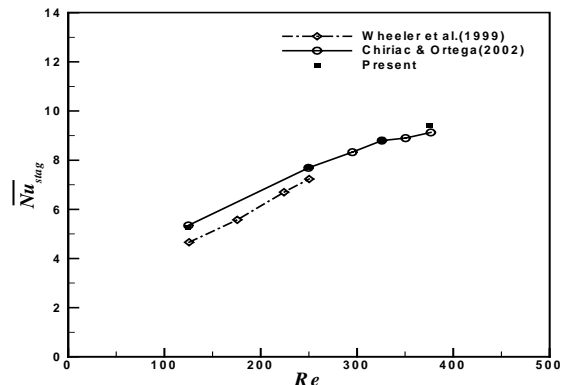


Figure 4 Time-averaged stagnation Nusselt number for different Reynolds number

Nu

Wong<sup>(2)</sup>

Sh(Sherwood number)

(Pr=0.7)

number) 2.5 (9)

(heat-mass transfer analog)

Nu (Nusselt number)

$$Nu = (Pr / Sc)^n Sh \tag{9}$$

, n 1/3 0.4  
 Sparrow Wong<sup>(2)</sup>

(profile)

가

(fully developed)

Fig. 3 Fig. 4  
 Chiriac Ortega<sup>(4)</sup>

$\overline{Nu}$ ,  $\overline{Nu}_{stag}$

Chiriac Ortega<sup>(4)</sup>

(uniform flow)

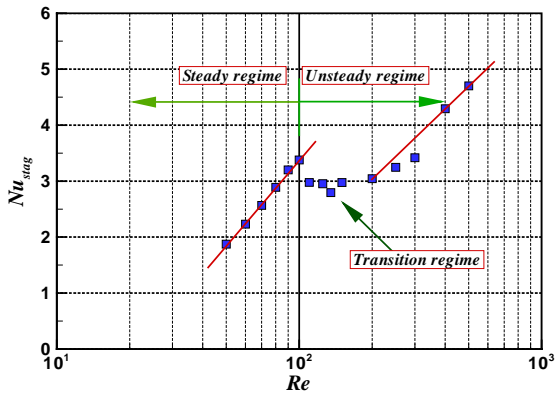


Figure 5 Time averaged Nusselt number at the stagnation point for different Reynolds number : Pr=0.7

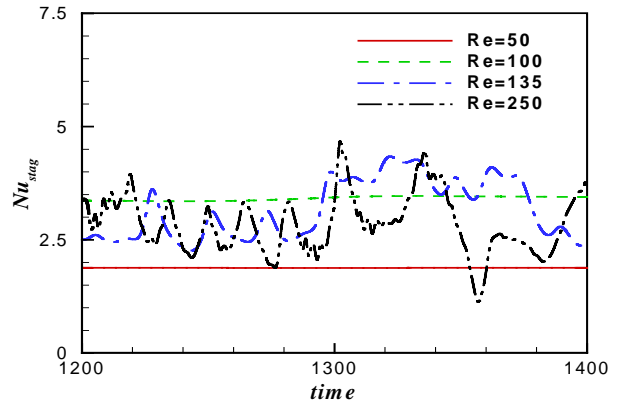


Figure 6 Time history of Nusselt number at the stagnation point for different Reynolds

(H/D) 5

- Re < 100 : Steady regime
- 100 < Re < 200 : Transition regime (unsteady)
- 200 < Re : Unsteady regime

Fig. 3

(time-averaged local Nusselt number)

, Nu (10)  
Re 125, 250 375

$$\overline{Nu}$$

$$Nu = \frac{hD}{k} \quad (10)$$

Fig. 4 Re

Nu ( $\overline{Nu}_{stag}$ )

Chiriac Ortega<sup>(4)</sup> Re>325  
가 , Re 가 Nu 가

Fig. 5 Re

$\overline{Nu}_{stag}$

Re<100 (steady state)  
 $\overline{Nu}_{stag}$  가 , Re 가  
100<Re<200 (transition regime)  
가 ,  $\overline{Nu}_{stag}$  Re (unsteady state)  
Re>200 (unsteady state)  
Nu Re 가 가  
3 가

Nu

(core)

(convective heat transfer)

가 가 Re 가 가 , Re 가

(eddy)

Nu (discontinuity)

Fig. 6 Re

Nu

Fig. 5

Re 가 100

, Re>100

$\overline{Nu}_{stag}$

가

가

, H/D=10

(N=0)

Re

z-  
가

Fig. 7 N

$\overline{Nu}_{stag}$

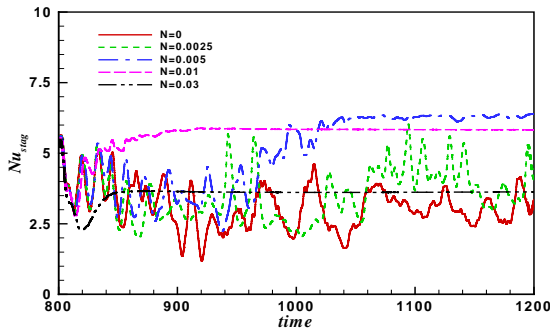


Figure 7 Time history of Nusselt number at the stagnation point for different Reynolds numbers : Re=250, Pr=0.7

Re Pr  
250 0.7 . Fig. 7

(N=0) t=0~800  
t=800

$Nu_{stag}$   
(weak magnetic field)  
N=0.0025 ,  $Nu_{stag}$  가 N=0  
가  
, N 0.005 가  
,  $Nu_{stag}$   
가

Fig. 8

$Nu_{stag}$   
가 가  
 $\overline{Nu_{stag}}$  가  
N 가  
 $\overline{Nu_{stag}}$  N  
가  
가

4.

(unsteady)

가 (H/D=10, N=0), Re  
가 100 (steady state)  
(flow regime)  
Nu ( $Nu_{stag}$ )가 Re 가  
가 Re 가 100~200

(transition regime)

(oscillation)

(time averaged) Nu ( $Nu_{stag}$ ) 가  
Re 가 200

(stagnation point) Nu ( $Nu_{stag}$ )가  
가

(Re=250) 가

가

Nu 가 가

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