

P55

The proteomic approach of *Pseudomonas syringae* pv.
tabaci fur gene

Ji Young Cha*, Koung Chul Shin, Joong Kwon Kim,
Chang Sook Ahn and Hyung Suk Baik

Department of Microbiology, Graduate School, Pusan National University,
Busan 609-735, Korea

Environmental iron concentrations coordinately regulate transcription of genes involved in iron acquisition and virulence via the ferric uptake regulation(*fur*) system. We identified the *fur* gene by using Southern hybridization under low-stringency conditions with 250 bp fragment probes that were amplified by PCR from *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *tabaci* genomic DNA with the putative primer and by sequencing the hybridizing clone of *P. syringae* pv. *tabaci* chromosomal DNA. A positive selection procedure involving the isolation of manganese-resistant mutants was used to isolate mutants that produce altered Fur protein. The hybridizing clone of *P. syringae* pv. *tabaci* chromosomal DNA complemented with its *fur* mutant. To analyze the functions of *fur* gene, we made a comparative two-Dimensional gel electrophoresis analysis of wild type strain and *fur* mutant strain and discovered several different spots.