## Universal Scaling Behavior of the Hall Resistivity in MgB<sub>2</sub> Superconductors

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In the mixed state of superconductors, the Hall resistivity  $(\rho_{xy})$  and the longitudinal resistivity  $(\rho_{xx})$  are resulted from the same origin of the vortex motion; thus, these quantities can be correlated each other. Since the report of the Hall scaling theory in 1993, many experiments relating this scaling relation have been carried out in high-Tc superconductors but this theory has not been demonstrated experimentally because most high-Tc superconductors show the Hall sign reversal in the mixed-state. The Hall resistivity and the longitudinal resistivity in superconducting MgB<sub>2</sub> thin films have been investigated as a function of the magnetic field over a wide range of current densities from  $10^2$  to  $10^4$  A/cm<sup>2</sup>. We observe a universal Hall scaling behavior with a constant exponent  $\beta$  of  $2.0 \pm 0.1$  in  $\rho_{xy} = A\rho_{xy}^{\ \beta}$ , which is independent of the magnetic field, the temperature, and the current density. This result can be interpreted well within the context of recent theories.

keywords: Hall effect, Scaling behavior, MgB2 Superconductor, thin film