



The Java TV 1.0 API: Technical Overview

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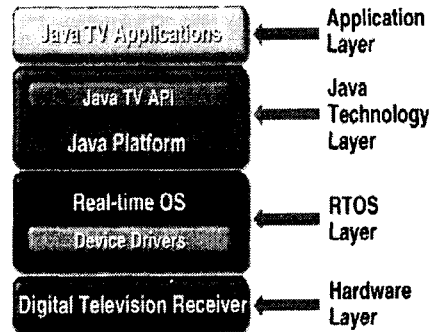
Key Topics

- Application Execution Environment
- Application Life Cycle
- Service Metadata
- Service Selection
- Media Stream Control
- Core Packages Extensions

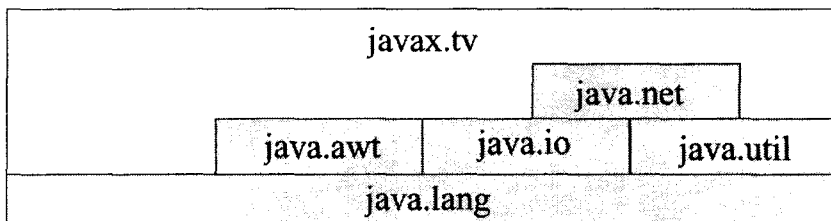


Application Execution Environment

- Broadcast Platform
 - Virtual Machine
 - Broadcast Packages (javax.tv and javax.media)
 - Core Java Packages (java.io, java.lang, java.net, java.util)
 - Lightweight Widgets (java.awt with org.havi.ui)



Application Execution Environment



Signature Dependence

Package.Construct	Inheritance	Return	Args	Exception
java.awt.Color	X	X	X	
java.awt.Container		X		
java.awt.Dimension		X		
java.awt.Rectangle		X	X	
java.io.File	X			
java.io.Serializable	X			
java.io.IOException	X			X
java.lang.Object	X	X	X	
java.lang.String		X	X	
java.lang.Exception	X			



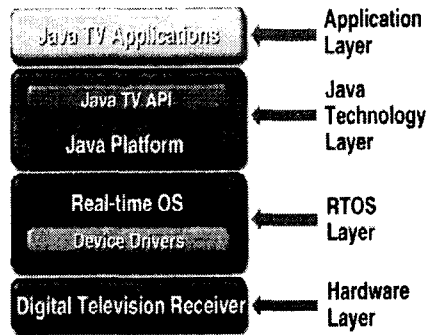
Signature Dependence

Package.Construct	Inheritance	Return	Args	Exception
java.net.InetAddress		X		
java.security.BasicPermission	X			
java.security.Permission	X		X	
java.util.EventListener	X			
java.util.Date		X	X	
java.util.EventObject	X			
javax.media.Control	X			
javax.media.Controller		X	X	
javax.media.Player	X			
javax.media.protocol.PushSource	X			



Broadcast Environment

- Broadcast Platform
 - Operating System
 - Tuner Control
 - Demux Control
 - Conditional Access
 - Media Pipeline
 - Service Information Database

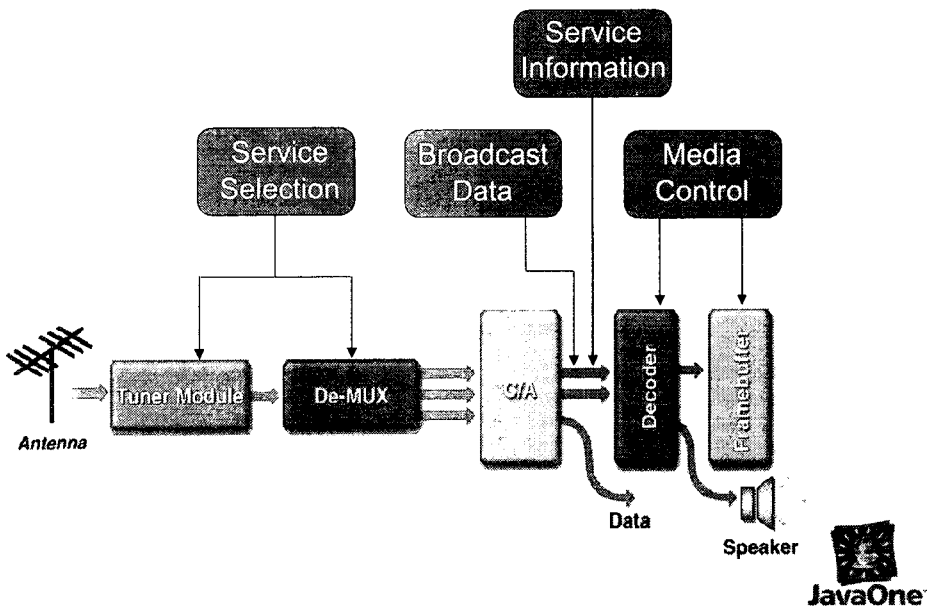


Broadcast Package Structure

Broadcast Package Scope



Functional Components



Execution Substrate

Procedural Application Environment

- **Core Java Packages**
 - java.io, java.lang, java.net, java.util
- **Images, Graphics, Windows**
 - java.awt.Color, java.awt.Component, java.awt.image
- **Broadcast Packages**
 - javax.tv
- **Media Pipeline Packages**
 - javax.media, javax.media.protocol



Functional Scope

The broadcast packages support:

- Application Life Cycle
- Service Metadata
- Service Selection
- Broadcast Data Control
- Media Pipeline Control



Package Scope

Package	Interfaces	Classes	Exceptions	Total
javax.tv.carousel	1	2		3
javax.tv.graphics		2		2
javax.tv.locator	1	1	2	4
javax.tv.media	3	6		9
javax.tv.media.protocol	1		1	2
javax.tv.net	1			1
javax.tv.service	9	7	1	17
javax.tv.service.guide	5	2		7
javax.tv.service.navigation	9	9	2	20
javax.tv.service.selection	4	10	3	17
javax.tv.service.transport	11	5		16
javax.tv.util	1	3	1	5
javax.tv.xlet	2		1	3
	48	47	11	106



Locators

Locators

- Mechanism to Reference Services and Resources
- Opaque References to
 - Broadcast Carousels (files)
 - Service Metadata
 - Services (collections of resources)
 - Service Components (audio, video, data)



Locators

Locators

- Opaque References to Services and Resources
- which the platform Creates from strings:
 - `LocatorFactory.create(String) -> Locator`
- or the platform converts to strings:
 - `Locator.toExternalForm() -> String`



Access to Broadcast Resources

Resource Access

- The framework does not define resource allocation policy: the network and the platform define such policy
- The platform enforces the policy
- Invoke and Refuse Model
- Resource access is visible to the application through exceptions



Application Life Cycle Concepts

Application Life Cycle Model



Application Life Cycle

Goal: Define a formalism for the execution of broadcast applications

- Learn from other domains (e.g. applet)
- Separate execution state machine from other functions (access to resources, media, windows)
- Develop broadcast specific execution state machine



Application Life Cycle Components

- Application Manager
- Xlet
- XletContext
- Execution State Machine

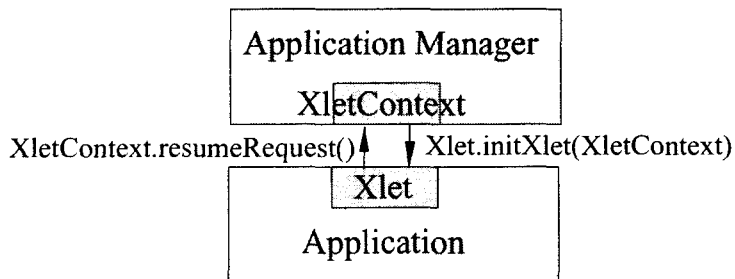


Application Manager

- The Application Manager is a concept, not an concrete class
- The Application Manager controls the Xlet state machine
- The state of the execution state machine must be known to the Application Manager.
- Spontaneous state transitions can occur
- The Xlet must be able to report spontaneous transitions to the Application Manager



Application Manager Interactions



Application Life Cycle

Xlet Interface:

- Similar to applet model without inclusion of images, graphics, windows.
- The Application implements the Xlet interface.
- The Application Manager invokes the Xlet interface.
- The invocations cause state transitions



Application Life Cycle

Four Application Execution States:

- Loaded
 - Code is loaded, initialized
- Paused
 - Application quiescent, minimal resource requirement
- Active
 - Application executes, ie can progress
- Destroyed
 - Application has released resources, terminated

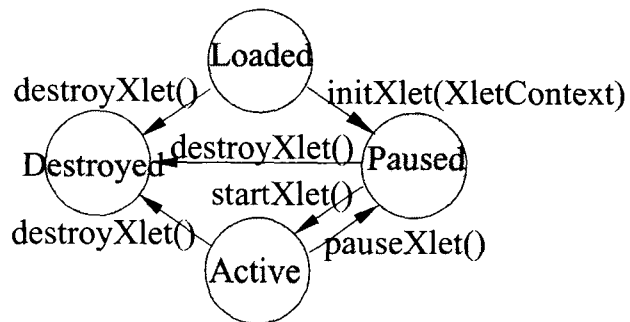


Application Life Cycle

```
Package javax.tv.xlet;  
public interface Xlet {  
    void initXlet(XletContext);  
    void pauseXlet();  
    void startXlet();  
    void destroyXlet(...);  
}
```



Application Life Cycle



Application Life Cycle

XletContext

- The Application Manager provides the XletContext through the initXlet method.
- The properties interface of XletContext allows the Xlet to extract environment objects
- The state transition methods let the Xlet report spontaneous transitions to the application manager



Application Life Cycle

```
package javax.tv.xlet;  
public interface XletContext {  
    Object getXletProperty(String);  
    void notifyPaused();  
    void resumeRequest();  
    void notifyDestroyed();  
}
```



Service Information Concepts

Service Information



Service Information

- The Service Information:
 - is metadata about the available Services
 - is found in the broadcast as (often domain specific) protocol
- The Service:
 - Is a collection of content (executables, resources, audio, video, data)
 - which can be available on multiple transports
 - and is often referred to as a "channel"



Service Information

- Can be thought of as a database that the broadcast populates
- The application obtains the metadata through standard (not domain, not transport specific) interfaces
- The protocol specific format is not visible to the application



Service Information

Features

- Basic mechanism to find Services
- Protocol and Transport Independent
- Cache versus NonCache is Configurable
- Synchronous and Asynchronous Access
- Extensible to other metadata



Service Information

There are three "views" of Service Information:

- Navigation Package
 - Traverse through hierarchical service metadata
- Guide Package (Program Guide Support)
 - Filters, schedules, events
- Transport Package
 - Exposes transport mechanism



Service Information

Asynchronous Service Information Access

- Mechanism permits applications to queue requests and continue execution
- Access methods are prefixed with 'retrieve' to reinforce semantics:
 - `retrieveProgramEvent(...)`



Service Information

Asynchronous Service Information Access

- The application implements `SIRequestor` to receive the metadata
- The platform forwards the metadata when it becomes available

- `void notifySuccess(SIRetreivable[])`

- `void notifyFailure(...)`



Service Information

Asynchronous Service Information Access

- The generic `SIRetrievable` is subclassed for specific metadata
 - Bouquet
 - Network
 - ProgramEvent
 - ServiceDetails



Service Information

- The platform returns a `SIRequest` object to the application so as to scoreboard specific requests:
 - `SIRequest`
`retrieveProgramEvent (Locator, SIRequestor);`
- This allows the platform to later cancel unrealizable requests.
 - `boolean cancel ();`



Service Information

Asynchronous Service Information Access: Summary

- Clients implement `SIRequestor` to receive asynchronous data
- Platform returns the data as `SIRetrieveable` instance
- Platform provides `SIRequest` objects through which it can cancel the request



Service Information

Service Information Manager

- Provides access to service information database
- Supports ServiceFilters to isolate services subject to certain criteria
- Generates events for changes to service information



Service Information

```
Package javax.tv.service.navigation;  
public class SIManager {  
    ServiceCollection  
    createServiceCollection(ServiceFilter);  
    Service getService(Locator);  
    SIREquest retrieveSIElement(Locator,  
    SIREquestor);  
    Transport[] getTransports();  
}
```



Service Interface

Service:

- Is a source of content
- Selectable through service selection operations
- Synchronous access to (cached) basic metadata (name, locator)
- Asynchronous access to (noncached) metadata details



Service Details Interface

ServiceDetails

- Metadata about the Service
 - Is an instance of a Service in the broadcast
 - Describes the schedule, transport
 - Traverses to ServiceComponents (executables, resources, audio, video, data)
 - Is extensible for new metadata



Service Selection

Service Selection Package



Service Selection

Features

- Abstracts the demodulation (tune) portion of the pipeline
- Asynchronous semantics
- Conditional access results exposed
- Support for multiple selection "contexts"



Service Selection

Important Service Selection Classes

- **ServiceContext**
 - Object to select a Service
 - Often relates to a specific, finite hardware resource; platform must support at least one
- **ServiceContentHandler**
 - Object to present a Service
 - Often extends `javax.media` for broadcast specific semantics



Service Selection

ServiceContext

- Provides the formalism for multiple service execution
- Provides access to service specific content "handlers"
- Signals current state via events for completion, redirection, failure



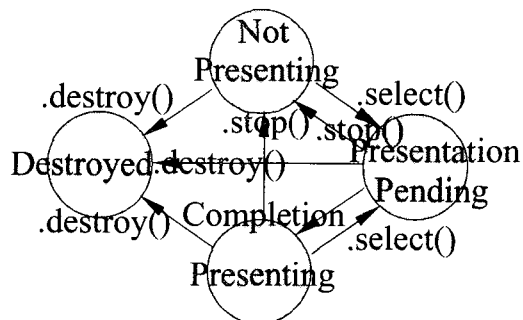
Service Context States

Service Context State Machine

- NotPresenting: before selection or after completion
- PresentationPending: after selection and before completion
- Presenting: NormalContentEvent or AlternativeContentEvent
- Destroyed: ServiceContextDestroyedEvent



Service Context States



Broadcast Data

Broadcast Data Package



Broadcast Data

CarouselFile

- CarouselFile access to broadcast files
- Push Semantics for streams
- DatagramSocket for broadcast internet protocol



Broadcast Carousels

CarouselFile

- Access to data in broadcast carousels
- Extends File: Scales to flat or tree structures
- Abstracts domain specific protocols
 - Data Carousel (ATSC)
 - Object Carousel (DVB)
 - UHTTP (ATVEF)



Broadcast Carousels

CarouselFile

- Exploits familiar classes of java.io: File, InputStream, RandomAccessFile, FileReader
- Carousel files map to local file name space
- Supports broadcast semantics: Creation of CarouselFile alerts the platform to prefetch and cache the data
- Provides events for content changes



Broadcast Data Streams

PushSourceStream

- Is a data stream source
- Client acquires the stream through `javax.media.Manager`
- Supports rate control, rather than flow control semantics: tells client when data arrives
- Subinterface raises exceptions for data loss



Broadcast Datagrams

Internet Protocol Encapsulation

- Access to broadcast internet protocol
- Supports unicast and multicast through familiar `DatagramSocket`, `MulticastSocket`
- Translates `Locator` to broadcast internet protocol into private local internet protocol address



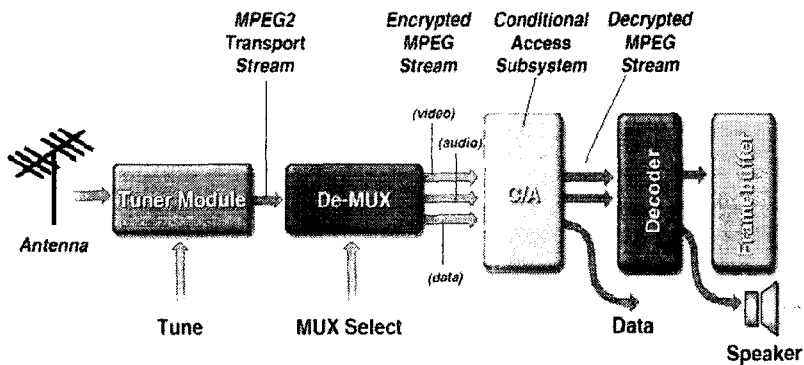
Media Control

Media Control Package



Media Control

- The Java Media Framework abstracts the presentation pipeline
- Player abstracts decode, presentation
- DataSource abstracts demodulation



Media Control

- Player
 - Presents content streams
 - Supports one or more media formats
 - Often abstracts hardware pipeline
 - Manages presentation state machine and presentation events



Media Control

- Controller
 - Subinterface of Player
 - Controls presentation state machine
 - Reports presentation state transitions



Media Control

- DataSource
 - Abstracts the media stream source
 - Media Format alerts platform as to which decoder to attach
 - Location of media stream is an opaque reference



Java Media Framework for Broadcast

- The implementation builds the pipeline as a side effect of service creation
- The client can elect to obtain the Players for fine grain control
 - `ServiceContext.getServiceContentHandlers();`
- Some standards extend Java Media Framework for their own controls



Graphics and Windows

Graphics and Windows Package



Graphics and Windows Extensions

- AlphaColor: Extends opaque color space to include alpha component.
- TVContainer: Provides the root window container
- Timer: Calls client after a certain time has elapsed



Additional Information

- <http://java.sun.com/products>
- <http://java.sun.com/products/javatv>
- <http://java.sun.com/products/java-media/jmf/index.html>



Q&A