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**$^{13}\text{CO}$  Bell Laboratories Survey:  $^{13}\text{CO}$  Column Density Distribution of the First Quadrant of the Galactic Plane**

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We present the distribution of  $^{13}\text{CO}$  column density of the first quadrant ( $l=8-90$ ) of the Galactic Plane using the  $^{13}\text{CO}$  Bell Laboratories Survey and UMass-Stony Brook  $^{12}\text{CO}$  Survey. We estimate the column density channel by channel (with a velocity step of 1 km/sec) with LTE assumption, generating the column density cube data for the first quadrant. Spatial resolution is smoothed into 6 arcminute for whole direction. The highest column density is estimated to be  $9.3 \times 10^{16} \text{cm}^{-2}$  per channel, which is one of the densest part of the Galactic Ring region. Good relationship is found between  $^{13}\text{CO}$  integrated intensity and column density. We discuss some characteristics of the column density distribution.