A Study of Technology Development Strategy & Management Performance on New Technology-based Firms of IT Industry

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Abstract

Technology development strategy factors which are summarized as technology's integration, technology's rotation, and technology's receptiveness are generated by technology development variables through survey of new technology-based firm of IT industry. They have the significant influence on management performance such as Net Sales Growth Rate, ROA and ROI.

1. Introduction

IT industry of our nation is becoming core industry of national economy as a role of high profit and potential market power in the field of employment, export, manufacturing. It has technology-driven industrial features that are focusing on the high-technology environment. Most of all, small and medium enterprise based on venture of IT Industry has the idea of technology development and Innovation to make exuberant technology superiority as core of competition and management strategy. Therefore, technology development of IT industry is crucial factor which get the preeminent power. Despite of the importance of technological development in IT industry, NTBF(new technology-based firm) of

IT industry doesn't try to overcome the chasm of advanced technology as well as doesn't plan, do and see the technology development process.

The reality of NTBF IT industry show that current nation's technology status is low level therefore, I point out the issue and suggest an efficient technology development strategy.

2. Background of Research

1) Meaning of technology development

If we mention the technology development, Technology development should distribute resource available and get the priority of resource based on environment in the technological process and stipulate intentional objective and set the behavioral goal about how to manage the multiple technology development.

2) System of technology development

If we compose the system of technology development, It at first is necessary to get acquisition of technology, second it is necessary to command technology abundance third, it need to apply usage of technology

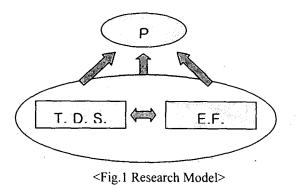
There are several researches on the technological development strategy as followings.

Section	T.D.S.	resea
<u></u>	contents	rcher
T.E.S.	Strategy	1, 7, 12
preparation	discrimination	4, 8, 10
	Strategy change	
Choice of	Investment level	4, 5, 12
superiority	decision of R&D	12
acquisition	Connection bet.	4
method	Firm & tech.	12
Choice of	Leading tech.	2, 3, 5,
technology	Manifestation of	7, 13
[synergy	2, 5, 11,
)	Decision about	12
	leading tech.	12, 13
Tech-	Getting tech.	2, 3, 5,
acquisition	Choice of tech.	7, 9, 13
and	Resource	3, 13
commanding	Manage tech-	6, 13
	capital	3, 13
	Marketing tech.	1, 7
ļ	&tech.	14
İ	Innovation	
	process	

1.Wilkinson(1985) 2. Porter(1985) 3.Canpon & Glazer(1987) 4. Hamilton et el(1990) 5. Ansoff & Stewart(1967) 6. Ford(1985) 7. Ford & Ryan(1981) 8. Soukup& Cooper(1983) 9.Frohman(1982) 10. Clarke & Thomas(1990) 11.Miller & Frieman(1982) 12. Sethi et al(1985) 13. Granstrand & Sjolander (1990) 14. Maidique & Patch(1982)

3. Research Methodology and Postulation

1) Research Methodology



I suggest that management performance is generated by technology development strategy

through both strategy of technology and interaction of technology including the operation of external factor about the state of market that can be uncontrolled variable.

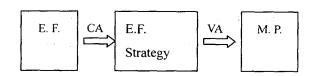
That is to say, I show the research model on figure 1 above. Let me show research procedure in detail.

가) Research I.procedure



< Fig.2 Research Procedure I>

나) Research II.procedure



< Fig.3 Research Procedure II>

2) Definition of variable and method of measuring the variable

Scope of measure			
]			
Scale bet. 1-5 (from absolutely			
not to agree much more)			
1 .			

Variables of management performance are applied as followings: three factors are Net Sales growth, rates ROA, and ROI.

3) Research hypothesis

가) Hypothesis 1.

H0: Cluster of each tech-strategy is same regardless of relative technological intensity on management performance.

나) Hypothesis 2.

H0: Interaction of cluster of tech-strategy is same regardless of relative technological Intensity on management performance.

다) Hypothesis 3

H0: Cluster of each tech-strategy with the external factor is same regardless of relative technological Intensity on management performance.

Hypothesis 4

라) Hypothesis 4

H0: Interaction of cluster of tech-strategy with the external factor is same regardless of relative technological Intensity on management performance.

4. Result of research

I found out three factors of tech-strategy from 11 number of tech-strategy variables.

Section	Factor	Contents
Factor 1	Tech- integration .	Tech- innovation Integration of tech Tech-level relative to peer Tech-acquisition Techdevelopment investment cost
Factor 2	Tech- rotation	TPL Tech. Level Patent
Factor 3	Tech- Receptivene ss	Tech. affiliation Tech. accept

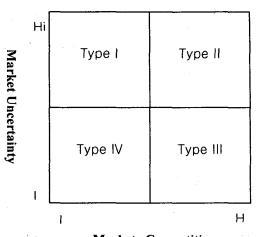
Hyp othe sis	Description	Result of test
Hypot hesis 1	Cluster of each tech- strategy is same regardless of relative technological Intensity on performance	I.reject II.accept III.accept
Hypot hesis 2	Interaction of cluster of tech-strategy is same regardless of relative technological Intensity on performance.	I,II,III accept
Hypot hesis 3	Cluster of each tech- strategy with the external factor is same regardless of relative technological Intensity on performance	I. reject/ II. reject/ III.accept
Hypot hesis 4	Interaction of cluster of tech-strategy with the external factor is same regardless of relative technological intensity on performance.	I.II.III reject

5. Conclusion

The external factors such as uncertainty of market and competition of market show us the significant meaning about rearranging technology strategy as standard which describe new techdevelopment strategy. They consist of techanalytic type, tech-leading type, tech-sensitive type and tech-defensive type.

External	Performa nce factor	Tech. Development Strategy		
factor (Market)		Tech- integrati on	Tech- rotation	Tech- receptive ness
Competition	Net Sales Growth Rate	No.	1	
	ROA ROI			
Uncertainty	Net Sales Growth Rate ROA ROI	≪	\(\frac{1}{2}\)	
Potentiality	Net Sales Growth Rate ROA			
	ROI			

Type I commands strategy of analyzing the technology like tech-innovation, product difference and business diversification and type II commands strategy of leading the technology like aggressive investment on technology and type III commands strategy of getting tech-superiority strategy and type VI should withdraw strategy.



Market Competition

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